Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	2108	(((divinylene adj sulfide) CP34 (huile) Thiacyclopentadiene Thiofuran thiofurfuran thiole Thiophene "Thiophene-2,5-d2" thiotetrole) ((divinylene adj sulfide) CP34 (huile) \$3Thiacyclopentadiene \$3Thiofuran \$3thiofurfuran \$3thiole \$3Thiophene "Thiophene-2,5-d2" \$3thiotetrole)).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:48
L3	493	(nlo or ((non-linear nonlinear) adj optical)).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:48
L5	10	1 and 3	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:50
L6	78147	(f "CF.sub.3\$" CN).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:51
L7	952	1 and 6	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:52
S1	2678	((252/582) or (549/29) or (549/58) or (549/60)).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2005/09/20 11:00
S2	325475	"2005".py.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:01
S3	56	S1 and S2	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:08
S4	794	(549/59).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2005/09/20 11:20
S5	261	(252/583).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2005/09/20 11:23
S6	414	(546/94).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2005/09/20 11:27
S7	878	((549/474) or (549/475) or (549/476)).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2005/09/20 11:36
S8	493	(nlo or ((non-linear nonlinear) adj optical)).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:48
S9	33	(pi near10 bridg\$).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:40
S10	5	S8 and S9	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/09/20 11:44

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:sssptau223dxm

PASSWORD:

* * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * * * * SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'REGISTRY' AT 09:31:12 ON 20 SEP 2005 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:31:12 ON 20 SEP 2005 COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS) =>Testing the current file.... screen

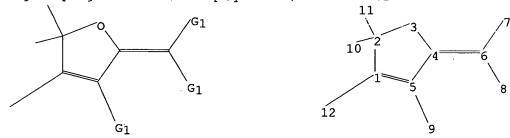
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=> screen 1968

L18 SCREEN CREATED

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Uploading c:\program files\stnexp\queries\09912444.str



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exact/norm bonds :

9/20/2005

09/912,444

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exact bonds :

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G1:CF3,CN,F,[*1]

Match level:

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS

L19 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> que L19 AND L18

L20 QUE L19 AND L18

=> d 120

L20 HAS NO ANSWERS

L18 SCR 1968 L19 STR



G1 CF3, CN, F, [@1]

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L20 $\,$ QUE $\,$ L19 AND L18 $\,$

=> s sample 120

9/20/2005

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 09:32:02 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -5 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED

5 ITERATIONS

3 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

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PROJECTED ANSWERS:

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L21

3 SEA SSS SAM L19 AND L18

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FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -90 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED

90 ITERATIONS

51 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L22

51 SEA SSS FUL L19 AND L18

=> d

L22 ANSWER 1 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

851745-60-3 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 06 Jun 2005

CN dibutoxy-5-[2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

C68 H68 F6 N4 O11 S2 MF

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

PAGE 1-B

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> d 51

L22 ANSWER 51 OF 51 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 259653-89-9 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 21 Mar 2000

CN 1,3-Benzenedicarbonyl dichloride, 2,4,5,6-tetrafluoro-, polymer with [4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-hexyl-5,5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3-cyano-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile and 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Phenol, 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-, polymer with [4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-hexyl-5,5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3-cyano-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile and 2,4,5,6-tetrafluoro-1,3-benzenedicarbonyl dichloride (9CI)

CN Propanedinitrile, [4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-hexyl-5,5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3-cyano-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-furanylidene]-, polymer with 2,4,5,6-tetrafluoro-1,3-benzenedicarbonyl dichloride and 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol] (9CI)

MF (C39 H48 N4 O3 . C15 H10 F6 O2 . C8 C12 F4 O2) x

CI PMS

PCT Polyamine, Polyester, Polyester formed, Polystyrene, Polyvinyl

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 259653-88-8 CMF C39 H48 N4 O3

CM 2

CRN 110649-97-3 CMF C8 Cl2 F4 O2

CM 3

CRN 1478-61-1 CMF C15 H10 F6 O2

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
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FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 09:33:42 ON 20 SEP 2005
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 15 Sep 2005 VOL 143 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 15 Sep 2005 (20050915/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 122 L23 36 L22 => s nlo or (nonlinear optical) 4543 NLO 147333 NONLINEAR 749261 OPTICAL 31130 NONLINEAR OPTICAL (NONLINEAR (W) OPTICAL) L24 32968 NLO OR (NONLINEAR OPTICAL) => s 123 and 124 28 L23 AND L24 => d 28 all ANSWER 28 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ΑN 135:336715 CA ED Entered STN: 22 Nov 2001 TΤ Sterically stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear optical chromophores and devices incorporating the same Zhang, Cheng; Fetterman, Harold R.; Steier, William; Michael, Joseph IN PA Pacific Wave Industries, Inc., USA SO PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent LА English IC ICM F21V009-00 ICS G02F001-00; G02F001-03 CC 73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties) Section cross-reference(s): 41

FAN.CNT 10 PATENT NO. DATE KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ ______ WO 2001079750 PΤ A1 20011025 WO 2001-US12354 20010416 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 6348992 20020219 US 2000-551685 B1 20000418

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     US 1998-122806
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     US 2000-488422
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     US 2000-546930
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 WO 2001079750
                 ICM
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                 ICS
                        G02F001-00; G02F001-03
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                        G02F001/361B; G02F001/361B2; G02F001/361D;
                 ECLA
                        G02F001/361D2
 US 6348992
                 NCL
                        359/321.000; 252/582.000; 359/345.000
                 ECLA
                        C08K005/00P4; C09B023/00D; C09B023/00R; C09B023/00S;
                        C09B023/14H; G02F001/065; G02F001/361B; G02F001/361B2;
                        G02F001/361D; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F
os
     MARPAT 135:336715
AB
     Nonlinear optical devices (e.g., electrooptical
     modulators, phase shifters) are described which employ an active element
     formed from a chromophore including an electron donor group, an electron
     acceptor group, and a \pi-conjugate bridge structure between the electron
     donor group and the electron acceptor group which includes ≥1
     non-aromatic 5-, 6-, or 7-membered ring which lock(s) one or two
     carbon-carbon double bond(s) of the conjugate bridge structure and in
     which the electron acceptor group is connected to the bridge ring
     structure with a conjugated diene or triene. The bridge may contain a
     bithiophene unit. The chromophores may be doped into a polymer,
     preferably a bisphenol A carbonate-4,4'-(3,3,5-
     trimethylcyclohexylidene) diphenol carbonate copolymer. The devices may be
     packaged in inert gas filled packages.
ST
     polyene bridged nonlinear optical chromophore device
IT
     Electrooptical modulators
       Nonlinear optical materials
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     Optical instruments
        (nonlinear; nonlinear optical devices employing
        sterically stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
ΙT
     Optical instruments
        (phase shifters; nonlinear optical devices
        employing sterically stabilized polyene-bridged second-order
        nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     78-59-1, Isophorone
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (Sterically stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores and devices incorporating the same)
IT
     132721-26-7 224784-30-9
                               265992-52-7 266348-40-7
                                                             266348-41-8
     296280-34-7
                   350251-11-5
                                 351444-91-2
                                               351444-93-4
                                                             351444-95-6
     351444-98-9
                   351445-03-9
                                 351445-05-1
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     369609-51-8
     RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or
     reagent); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
```

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stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     259653-88-8P
                    351444-86-5P
                                   369397-06-8P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     109-77-3, Malononitrile
                               492-97-7, 2,2'-Bithiophene
                                                            1193-93-7
     1826-67-1, Vinylmagnesium bromide
                                         2052-06-4
                                                    3761-92-0, Hexylmagnesium
     bromide
               6502-13-2
                          7726-95-6, Bromine, reactions
                                                           27913-86-6
     127278-74-4
                   224768-42-7, 2-Hexylisophorone
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     369609-49-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
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                                                                 125143-53-5P.
     3,3',5,5'-Tetrabromo-2,2'-bithiophene 125607-30-9P, 3,3'-Dihexyl-2,2'-
     bithiophene
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                                                  369395-61-9P
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     369396-52-1P
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     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
              THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Dalton; US 6067186 A 2000 CA
(2) Drost; US 5718845 A 1998
=> d hitstr 28
    ANSWER 28 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
IT
     369609-51-8
     RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or
     reagent); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
RN
     369609-51-8 CA
CN
     Propanedinitrile, [4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis[2-[[(1,1-
     dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2-
     cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3-cyano-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-
     2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

IT 369609-49-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
 stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
 optical chromophores)

RN 369609-49-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> => d hitstr,ab 27

L25 ANSWER 27 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

IT 392662-53-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(red chromophore; production of donor-acceptor conjugated hyperpolarizable heterocyclic organic chromophores)

RN 392662-53-2 CA

CN Benzenamine, 4-[(1E)-2-[4-[[5'-[(1E)-2-[5-[bis[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]methylene]-2,5-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-3,3'-dihexyl[2,2'-bithiophen]-5-yl]methylene]-2,2-dimethyl-4H-1,3-dioxin-6-yl]ethenyl]-N,N-bis[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

PAGE 1-A

$$F_{3}$$
C F_{3} C F

PAGE 1-B

AB The present invention provides hyperpolarizable organic chromophores based on heterocyclic compds. The chromophores are nonlinear optically active compds. that include a π -donor conjugated to a π -acceptor through a π -electron conjugated bridge. Macromol. structures including the hyperpolarizable organic chromophores are also provided.

=> d all 27

L25 ANSWER 27 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 136:136245 CA

ED Entered STN: 21 Feb 2002

TI Hyperpolarizable organic chromophores

IN Dalton, Larry R.; Jen, Alex Kwan-Yue; Londergan, Timothy; Carlson, William Brenden; Phelan, Gregory; Huang, Diyun; Casmier, Daniel; Ewy, Todd; Buker, Nicholas

PA University of Washington, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 104 pp.

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CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
    Patent
LА
    English
IC
    ICM C07D305-00
    ICS C07D307-00; C07D327-00; C07D409-00
CC
    41-11 (Dyes, Organic Pigments, Fluorescent Brighteners, and Photographic
    Sensitizers)
    Section cross-reference(s): 25, 27, 28
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                       KIND
                              DATE
                                                                DATE
                              _____
     ______
                                         -----
                                                               _____
                    A1
    WO 2002008215
                              20020131 WO 2001-US23339 20010724
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            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
            RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
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                      C07D319/06; C07D333/24; C07D409/06+333B+307B;
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                      C07D519/00+471/00+195/00; C07F007/08C6B4; C09B023/00R;
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US 2002084446
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EP 1305305
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JP 2004508430
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                      4C071/FF16; 4C071/FF23; 4C071/GG05; 4C071/JJ01;
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4H056/CA01; 4H056/CA03; 4H056/CA05; 4H056/CB06;
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                        252/582.000
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                        C07D519/00+471/00+195/00; C07F007/08C6B4; C09B023/00R;
                        C09B023/10B; C09B069/10H
OS
     MARPAT 136:136245
     The present invention provides hyperpolarizable organic chromophores based on
AB
     heterocyclic compds. The chromophores are nonlinear optically active
     compds. that include a \pi-donor conjugated to a \pi-acceptor through a
     \pi-electron conjugated bridge. Macromol. structures including the
     hyperpolarizable organic chromophores are also provided.
ST
     heterocyclic org chromophore hyperpolarizable nonlinear
     optical prodn; donor acceptor conjugated hyperpolarizable
     heterocyclic org chromophore prodn
TΥ
     Chromophores
       Nonlinear optical materials
     Optical hyperpolarizability
        (production of donor-acceptor conjugated hyperpolarizable heterocyclic
organic
        chromophores)
IT
     Dendritic polymers
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (production of donor-acceptor conjugated hyperpolarizable heterocyclic
organic
        chromophores)
IT
     392662-44-1P
                   392662-45-2P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (chromophore; production of donor-acceptor conjugated hyperpolarizable
       heterocyclic organic chromophores)
IT
     392662-55-4P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (dendrimer chromophore; production of donor-acceptor conjugated
       hyperpolarizable heterocyclic organic chromophores)
IT
     392662-59-8P
                    392662-63-4P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (green chromophore; production of donor-acceptor conjugated
       hyperpolarizable heterocyclic organic chromophores)
IT
     111-25-1P, Hexyl bromide 4181-05-9P, 4-(Diphenylamino)benzaldehyde
                  20440-94-2P, N,N-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)aniline
     10419-77-9P
                                                                  25069-40-3P
     51751-44-1P, 3,3'-Dibromo-2,2'-bithiophene
                                                  81956-28-7P
                                                                81956-31-2P
     89115-20-8P, 4-[Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]benzaldehyde
                                                              125143-53-5P,
    3,3',5,5'-Tetrabromo-2,2'-bithiophene
                                            125607-30-9P, 3,3'-Dihexyl-2,2'-
    bithiophene
                  183994-95-8P
                                  351444-78-5P
                                                 390417-74-0P
                                                                392662-42-9P
     392662-43-0P
                    392662-46-3P
                                   392662-47-4P
                                                  392662-48-5P
                                                                 392662-49-6P
     392662-50-9P
                    392662-51-0P
                                   392662-52-1P
                                                  392662-57-6P
                                                                 392662-58-7P
     392662-61-2P 392662-62-3P
                                   392662-64-5P
                                                  392662-66-7P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; production of donor-acceptor conjugated hyperpolarizable
       heterocyclic organic chromophores)
IT
    392662-53-2P
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RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (red chromophore; production of donor-acceptor conjugated hyperpolarizable heterocyclic organic chromophores) IT 67-72-1, Hexachloroethane 62-53-3, Aniline, reactions 68-12-2, DMF, 104-92-7, 4-Bromoanisole reactions 106-41-2, p-Bromophenol 120-21-8, 4-(Diethylamino)benzaldehyde 121-43-7, Trimethyl borate 128-08-5, N-Bromosuccinimide 492-97-7, 2,2'-Bithiophene 603-34-9, Triphenyl N-Bromosuccinimide 603-34-9, Triphenylamine 762-04-9, Diethyl phosphonate 5394-63-8 6399-81-1, Triphenylphosphonium bromide 7726-95-6, Bromine, reactions 24131-32-6 28917-44-4, 3,5-Bis(benzyloxy)benzoyl chloride 31486-86-9, Thieno[3,2-b]thiophene-2-carboxaldehyde 37882-75-0 50653-68-4 127278-74-4 171082-32-9 211235-87-9 261779-11-7 392662-54-3 392662-56-5 392662-60-1 392662-65-6 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (starting material; production of donor-acceptor conjugated hyperpolarizable heterocyclic organic chromophores) RE.CNT THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE (1) Chmii; US 6184540 B1 2001 CA (2) Frigoli; US 6281366 B1 2001 CA (3) Herzig; US 5693734 A 1997 CA (4) Ippoliti; US 6211374 B1 2001 CA (5) Momoda; US 5808100 A 1998 CA => => d all, hitstr 1-26 ANSWER 1 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 143:154013 CA AN ED Entered STN: 18 Aug 2005 TТ Low temperature relaxations and effects on poling efficiencies of dendronized nonlinear optical side-chain polymers ΑU Gray, Tomoko; Overney, Rene M.; Haller, Marnie; Luo, Jingdong; Jen, Alex K.-Y. Department of Chemical Engineering, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, CS 98195-1750, USA SO Applied Physics Letters (2005), 86(21), 211908/1-211908/3 CODEN: APPLAB; ISSN: 0003-6951 PB American Institute of Physics DT Journal LΑ English CC 36-5 (Physical Properties of Synthetic High Polymers) AB Low temperature relaxations in a dendronized nonlinear optical (NLO) side-chain polymer take place at >20° below the glass transition temperature Relaxations of localized mobilities, removed from long range relaxations responsible for chromophore aggregation, offer new gateways for optimized acentric ordering of the chromophores. Supreme electrooptical (EO) activity was achieved by elec. poling close to the critical temps. of localized mobilities identified as dendronized NLO side-chain relaxations. In particular, a new instrumental approach to

the detection of low temperature relaxations in constrained thin NLO films not obtainable by conventional means.

ST nonlinear optical side chain polymer low temp thermomech relaxation

relaxation studies of thin spin-coated NLO polymer films was

tried; the shear-modulation force microscopy (SM-FM) method. Originating from scanning force microscopy (SFM), the SM-FM method grants access to

```
Electrooptical effect
IT
        (activity; low temperature relaxations and effects on poling efficiencies of
        dendronized nonlinear optical side-chain polymers)
IT
     Optical activity
        (electrooptical; low temperature relaxations and effects on poling
        efficiencies of dendronized nonlinear optical
        side-chain polymers)
IT
     Nonlinear optical materials
     Thermomechanical properties
        (low temperature relaxations and effects on poling efficiencies of
        dendronized nonlinear optical side-chain polymers)
IΤ
     Fluoropolymers, properties
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (low temperature relaxations and effects on poling efficiencies of
        dendronized nonlinear optical side-chain polymers)
TT
     502558-68-1P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (low temperature relaxations and effects on poling efficiencies of
        dendronized nonlinear optical side-chain polymers)
              THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
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(17) Sills, S; J Chem Phys 2004, V120, P5334 CA
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(20) Winkelhahn, H; Phys Chem 1996, V100, P123
(21) Zhang, C; Chem Mater 2001, V13, P3043 CA
     502558-68-1P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
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        dendronized nonlinear optical side-chain polymers)
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     502558-68-1 CA
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     [(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-
     (dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-
     dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl
     1,2-benzenedicarboxylate 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoate (9CI) (CA
     INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
         502558-67-0
     CMF C72 H66 F6 N4 O11
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PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 134151-66-9 CMF C9 H5 F3 O3

CM 3

CRN 24979-70-2 CMF (C8 H8 O)x CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

L25 ANSWER 2 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 142:464469 CA

ED Entered STN: 09 Jun 2005

TI Crosslinked compositions comprising a poly(arylene ether) and a nonlinearoptical chromophore, and devices incorporating same

IN Huang, Diyun; Londergan, Timothy M.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C08G002-00

INCL 528086000

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
Section cross-reference(s): 73

				KIND		DATE		APPLICATION NO.				DATE						
PI	US	JS 2005107569				US 2003-714387						20031114						
	WO	2005049680 A2			2005	0602	WO 2004-US37885					20041112						
	WO	NO 2005049680			A3 20050804													
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			CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
			NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
					-	TR,					•	•	•			•		
		RW:				KΕ,												
						ΚZ,												
•						FR,												
						TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,
			•	SN,	•													
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		2003						2003										
		2003	-714	837		Α		2003	1114									
CLAS																		
PATENT NO. CLASS					PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES													
US 2005107569 ICM INCL				C08G 5280	002-	00												
US 2005107569 NCL GI			528/086.000															

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

 ${\tt AB}$ A composition is made by a process comprising (a) providing precursor composition

comprising a nonlinear optical chromophore having the structure $D-\pi-A$ and a polymer I and (b) crosslinking the polymer, wherein: D is a donor; p is a p-bridge; A is an acceptor; Ql comprises at least one aryl or heteroaryl group; Q2 comprises at least one aryl or heteroaryl group; X1 is O bonded directly to an aryl carbon of Q1; X2 is O bonded directly to an aryl carbon of Q2; Z is a linker comprising at least one --C(R2)2-- group; Y is a single bond or a linker group; R1 is independently at each occurrence H, a halogen, an alkyl group, a heteroalkyl group, an aryl group, or a heteroaryl group; R2 is independently at each occurrence H, an alkyl group, or a heteroalkyl group; and R3 is H or a crosslinkable group. Also featured are electro-optic devices incorporating these blends. A nonlinear optical material contained Decafluorobiphenyl-3,5-dihydroxybenzylalc.-4,4'-(1-phenylethylidene)bisphenol copolymer ester with 4-trifluorovinyloxybenzoyl chloride and II.

ST crosslinkable polyoxyarylene chromophore nonlinear optical

IT Chromophores
Electrooptical instruments

Nonlinear optical materials

Optical waveguides

(poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT Polyoxyarylenes

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT 851745-60-3

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (chromophore; poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT 851770-28-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT 851770-30-4P 851770-32-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT 851745-60-3

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (chromophore; poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

RN 851745-60-3 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, [[4-[2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

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ANSWER 3 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
    142:464468 CA
    Entered STN: 09 Jun 2005
ED
ΤI
    Process for preparing poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable
IN
    Chen, Baoquan; Londergan, Timothy M.
PΑ
    U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 21 pp.
SO
    CODEN: USXXCO
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
    ICM C08G002-00
IC
INCL 528086000
    37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
    Section cross-reference(s): 73
FAN.CNT 5
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                               DATE
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                                         US 2003-714356
                                                               20031114
                        A2
    WO 2005049680
                              20050602
                                         WO 2004-US37885
                                                               20041112
    WO 2005049680
                        A3
                              20050804
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            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
            NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
        SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
            NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2003-713469
                        Α
                              20031114
    US 2003-714266
                        Α
                              20031114
    US 2003-714356
                        Α
                              20031114
    US 2003-714387
                        Α
                              20031114
    US 2003-714837
                        Α
                              20031114
CLASS
               CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
PATENT NO.
US 2005107568
                      C08G002-00
               ICM
               INCL
                      528086000
US 2005107568
               NCL
                      528/086.000
GΙ
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$$L \xrightarrow{R^1} Y \xrightarrow{R^1} L$$

$$L \xrightarrow{R^1} Y \xrightarrow{R^1} X^{1-Q^1-X^1} \xrightarrow{R^1} Y \xrightarrow{R^1} X^{2-L}$$

The process comprises: (a) reacting a diphenol monomer A (HX1-Q1-X1H) with a monomer B (I) having two locations for reaction with A to form arylene ether monomer C (II) and (b) reacting arylene ether monomer C with a diphenol monomer D (HX2Q2(ZOH)X2H) to form a polymer, wherein: Q1 comprises at least one aryl or heteroaryl group; Q2 comprises at least one aryl or heteroaryl group; X1 is O bonded directly to an aryl carbon of Q1; X2 is O bonded directly to an aryl carbon of Q2; Z is a linker comprising at least one -C(R2)2- group; Y is a single bond or linker group (e.g., comprising up to about 50 carbons); R1 is independently at each occurrence H, a halogen, an alkyl group, a heteroalkyl group, an aryl group, or a heteroaryl group; R2 is independently at each occurrence H, an alkyl group, or a heteroalkyl group; and R3 is H or a crosslinkable group. A polymer was prepared by reaction of decafluorobiphenyl and 4,4'-(1-phenylethylidene)bisphenol, polymerization with

3,5-dihydroxybenzylalc.,

and esterification with 4-trifluorovinyloxybenzoyl chloride.

ST crosslinkable polyoxyarylene prepn

IT Chromophores

Nonlinear optical materials

(process for preparing poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups)

IT Polyoxyarylenes

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (process for preparing poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups)

IT 851745-60-3

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (chromophore; process for preparing poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups)

IT 851770-28-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (process for preparing poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups)

IT 851770-30-4P 851770-32-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(process for preparing poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups)

IT 851745-60-3

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(chromophore; process for preparing poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups)

RN 851745-60-3 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, [[4-[2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

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PAGE 2-A
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NC-C | | | | |

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L25
    ANSWER 4 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     142:464467 CA
ED
     Entered STN: 09 Jun 2005
     Poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices
ΤI
     incorporating same
IN
     Londergan, Timothy M.
PA
     USA
SO
     U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp.
     CODEN: USXXCO
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
     ICM C08G002-00
INCL 528086000
     37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 73
FAN.CNT 5
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
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     WO 2005049680
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     WO 2005049680
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             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
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             NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2003-713469
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    US 2003-714356
                         Α
                                20031114
    US 2003-714387
                         Α
                                20031114
    US 2003-714837
                          Α
                                20031114
CLASS
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                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
US 2005107567
                 ICM
                        C08G002-00
                 INCL
                        528086000
US 2005107567
                NCL
                        528/086.000
GI
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Ι

AB A polymer comprises units I, wherein: Q1 comprises at least one aryl or heteroaryl group; Q2 comprises at least one aryl or heteroaryl group; X1 is O bonded directly to an aryl carbon of Q1; X2 is O bonded directly to an aryl carbon of Q2; Z is a linker comprising at least one -(C(R2)2)-group; Y is a single bond or linker group (e.g., comprising up to about 50 carbons); R1 is independently at each occurrence H, a halogen, an alkyl group, a heteroalkyl group, an aryl group, or a heteroaryl group; R2 is independently at each occurrence H, an alkyl group, or a heteroalkyl group; and R3 is H or a crosslinkable group. The polymers are useful with chromophores in nonlinear optical materials. A crosslinkable polymer was prepared by reaction of decafluorobiphenyl and 4,4'-(1-phenylethylidene)bisphenol, polymerization with

3,5-dihydroxybenzylalc.,

and esterification with 4-trifluorovinyloxybenzoyl chloride.

ST crosslinkable polyoxyarylene nonlinear optical material

IT Chromophores

Nonlinear optical materials

Optical waveguides

(poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT Polyoxyarylenes

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT 851745-60-3

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (chromophore; poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT 851770-28-0P, Decafluorobiphenyl-3,5-dihydroxybenzylalcohol-4,4'-(1-phenylethylidene)bisphenol copolymer 4-(trifluorovinyloxy)benzoate chloride

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT 851770-30-4P, 2,2'-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl) hexafluoropropanedecafluorobiphenyl-3,5-dihydroxybenzylalcohol copolymer 4-(trifluorovinyloxy)benzoate 851770-32-6P, Bisphenol A-decafluorobiphenyl-3,5-dihydroxybenzylalcohol copolymer 4-(trifluorovinyloxy)benzoate

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

IT 851745-60-3

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (chromophore; poly(arylene ethers) with pendant crosslinkable groups, and devices incorporating same)

RN 851745-60-3 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, [[4-[2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]-2-thienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

L25 ANSWER 5 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

141:304008 CA AN

ED Entered STN: 21 Oct 2004

ΤI Fluorinated pi-bridge second order nonlinear optical chromophores and electro-optic devices therefrom

IN Huang, Diyun

PΑ USA

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 20 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 301,978. SO CODEN: USXXCO

DTPatent

LΑ English

IC

ICM C07D049-02 ICS C07D333-34; G02B005-02; G02C007-10

INCL 549059000; 549062000; 252582000

73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

FAN.CNT 5

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
ΡI	US 2004192942	A1	20040930	US 2004-757375	20040114	
	US 2002160282	A1	20021031	US 2001-932831	20010817	
	US 6716995	B2	20040406			
	US 2003107027	A1	20030612	US 2002-301978	20021122	
	US 6750603	B2	20040615			
PRAI	US 2000-226267P	P	20000817			

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US 2001-932831
                          A2
                                20010817
     US 2002-301978
                          A2
                                20021122
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 US 2004192942
                 ICM
                        C07D049-02
                 ICS
                        C07D333-34; G02B005-02; G02C007-10
                 INCL
                        549059000; 549062000; 252582000
 US 2004192942
                 NCL
                        549/059.000
                 ECLA
                        C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                        G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
 US 2002160282
                        430/007.000
                 NCL
                 ECLA
                        CO7D333/38; CO7D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                        G02F001/361D2
 US 2003107027
                 NCL
                        252/582.000
                 ECLA
                        C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                        G02F001/361D2
OS
     MARPAT 141:304008
AΒ
    Nonlinear optical chromophores are described by the
     general formula D-\pi-A (\pi = a \pi bridge including a thiophene ring
     having oxygen atoms bonded directly to the 3 and 4 positions of the
     thiophene ring; D = a donor; A = an acceptor; and the oxygen atoms are
     further substituted with a fluorinated group comprising ≥3
     fluorines). Second order nonlinear optical compns.
     comprising a polymer matrix and the chromophores are also described.
     Electrooptical devices (e.g., optical modulators, optical switches, and
     optical directional couplers) and (e.g., optically-assisted) phased array
     radar systems are described which employ the compns.
ST
     fluorinated pi bridge nonlinear optical chromophore
     electrooptical device
IT
     Optical couplers
        (directional; fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear optical
        chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices using them)
TT
     Electrooptical instruments
     Electrooptical materials
     Electrooptical modulators
     Electrooptical switches
       Nonlinear optical materials
        (fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear optical
        chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices using them)
IT
     Radar
        (phased array; fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear
        optical chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices
        using them)
ΙT
    765317-92-8
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear optical
        chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices using them)
     540777-74-0P 540777-78-4P
ΙT
                                 540777-80-8P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear optical
        chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices using them)
ΙT
     375-01-9, 2,2,3,3,4,4,4-Heptafluorobutanol 653-34-9,
     2,3,4,5,6-Pentafluorostyrene
                                    1822-66-8
                                                126673-34-5
                                                              134151-67-0
     134151-77-2
                   171082-32-9
                                 392662-56-5
                                               392662-60-1
                                                             400760-72-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear optical
```

IT

chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices using them) IT 147212-47-3P 400760-60-3P 540777-72-8P 540777-73-9P 540777-75-1P 540777-76-2P 540777-77-3P 540777-79-5P 765317-79-1P 765317-81-5P 765317-82-6P 765317-83-7P 765317-84-8P 765317-85-9P 765317-87-1P 765317-88-2P 765317-89-3P 765317-90-6P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear optical

chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices using them) 765317-86-0P 765317-91-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear optical

chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices using them)

IT 540777-78-4P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear optical

chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices using them)

RN 540777-78-4 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, [[4-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

IT 765317-91-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(fluorinated pi-bridge nonlinear optical

chromophores and compns. and electrooptical devices using them)

RN 765317-91-7 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [4-[2-[5-[2-[4-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-3,4-bis(2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluorobutoxy)-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-3,4-dibutoxy-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-3-cyano-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

F3C-CF2-CF2-CH2-O
O-CH2-CF2-CF2-CF3

NC-C
CN
N-BuO
OBu-n

PAGE 1-B

L25 ANSWER 6 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 141:181611 CA

ED Entered STN: 02 Sep 2004

TI Reversible crosslinking method for making an electro-optic polymer

IN Jen, Kwan-yue; Dalton, Larry R.; Luo, Jingdong; Haller, Marnie

```
PA
     University of Washington, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LА
IC
     ICM C12Q
CC
     73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
     Properties)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35
FAN.CNT 1
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                               -----
                                           -----
                         A2
    WO 2004065615
PΙ
                               20040805 WO 2004-US1043
                                                                  20040115
                        A3
                              20040930
    WO 2004065615
        W: AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB, BG,
            BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO, CR, CR,
            CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG, ES,
            ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH, GM, HR, HR, HU, HU, ID, IL, IN,
            IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ, KZ, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MX,
            MZ, MZ, NA, NI
     US 2004266954
                                           US 2004-758292
                        A1
                               20041230
                                                                  20040115
PRAI US 2003-440971P
                         Ρ
                               20030115
              CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 PATENT NO.
 WO 2004065615 ICM
                       C120
US 2004266954 NCL
                       525/326.100
AB
    Crosslinkable polymers which comprise ≥1 polarizable chromophore
    moieties; \geq 1 diene moieties; and \geq 1 dienophile or dienophile
    precursor moieties are described in which the diene and dienophile
    moieties are reactive to form 4+2 cycloaddn. products. Crosslinked
    polymers comprising aligned polarizable chromophore moieties; and
    ≥1 4+2 cycloaddn. moieties are also described in which the 4+2
    cycloaddn. moieties are reversibly thermally reactive to provide diene moieties and dienophile moieties. Methods for making a crosslinked
    polymer having electrooptical activity, are described which entail heating
    the crosslinkable polymer to form a softened polymer, subjecting the
     softened polymer to an elec. field to provide a poled polymer having
    aligned polarizable chromophore moieties; and cooling the poled polymer to
    a temperature sufficient to provide a hardened crosslinked polymer having
    electrooptical activity. The materials may incorporate nonlinear
    optical chromophores.
ST
    crosslinkable polymer polarizable chromophore moiety electrooptical
    activity; nonlinear optical polarizable chromophore
    moiety crosslinkable polymer
IT
    Crosslinking
    Electrooptical materials
      Nonlinear optical materials
        (crosslinkable polymers with polarizable chromophore moieties and the
       production of crosslinked polymers having electrooptical activity)
IT
     Polymers, uses
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinkable polymers with polarizable chromophore moieties and the
       production of crosslinked polymers having electrooptical activity)
    24979-70-2DP, Poly(4-vinylphenol), reaction products with dienes and
IT
    dienophiles and chromophores 105578-55-0DP, reaction products with
    polyvinylphenol 502558-67-0DP, reaction products with
```

ΙT

CN

polyvinylphenol 637025-84-4DP, reaction products with polyvinylphenol RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(crosslinkable polymers with polarizable chromophore moieties and the production of crosslinked polymers having electrooptical activity)

502558-67-0DP, reaction products with polyvinylphenol

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(crosslinkable polymers with polarizable chromophore moieties and the production of crosslinked polymers having electrooptical activity)

RN 502558-67-0 CA

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[6-[[4-[2-[3-[3-[3-[2-[3-[[3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & Et \\ \hline C-O-(CH_2)_6-N \\ \hline CO_2H \end{array}$$

L25 ANSWER 7 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 141:174069 CA

ED Entered STN: 02 Sep 2004

TI Preparation of 2,5-dihydrofuran-linked thiophene derivatives having conjugated double bonds as nonlinear optical compounds and methods for their preparation

IN Jen, Kwan-yue; Ma, Hong; Liu, Sen; Dalton, Larry R.

PA University of Washington, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07D409-00

ICS C07D333-32; C07D333-02; C07D333-38; C07D307-02

CC 27-8 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
 Section cross-reference(s): 73

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2004065384 Al 20040805 WO 2003-US1393 20030115

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,

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PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI WO 2003-US1393
                                20030115
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                 CLASS
                        PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 2004065384
                        C07D409-00
                 ICM
                 ICS
                        C07D333-32; C07D333-02; C07D333-38; C07D307-02
os
    MARPAT 141:174069
GΙ
```

AB Nonlinear optically active compds, having a π -donor moiety covalently coupled to a π -acceptor moiety through a π -electron conjugated bridge moiety are prepared by irradiating with microwave irradiation a combination of a π -acceptor compound (I; R1 is at least one of alkyl, aryl, or heteroalkyl group; R2 is at least one of alkyl, aryl, or heteroalkyl group; Al is at least one of alkyl, aryl, or any electron withdrawing group; A2 is an electron withdrawing group; A3 is an electron withdrawing group; X is at least one of O, S, or CH2) and a compound having a π -donor moiety covalently coupled to a π -electron conjugated bridge moiety. Also disclosed are macrostructures that include nonlinear optically active components, and devices including the nonlinear optically active compds. and the macrostructures. Thus, a mixture of N,N-dibutyl-4-[(1E,3E)-4-(3-tert-butyldimethylsiloxy-5-formylthien-2-yl)-1,3-butadienyl]aniline (102 mg, 0.2 mmol) and 2-dicyanomethylene-3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-trifluoromethyl-2,5-dihydrofuran (51 mg, 0.2 mmol) in 1 mL ethanol was irradiated under focused microwave 20 W for 8 min and the resulting mixture was concentrated and purified through a flash chromatog. on silica gel with a gradient eluent of hexanes/ethyl acetate (20/1-9/1) to give 85 mg of product (II) as dark solid (57 %). A solution of 26 weight% II/poly(Me methacrylate) (guest/host polymer) in cyclopentanone was spin-coated onto half-etched ITO glass substrate to give a film (1.2 μm thickness) with good optical quality which was hard-baked under vacuum at 65° for >12 h to remove residual solvent. A thin layer of gold was

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sputtered on to the film as the top electrode to perform the high elec.
     field poling. After poling at 140° with 1 MV/cm for 5 min, an
     electrooptical coefficient of 116 pm/V was obtained at 1.3 \mu m and retained
     over 85% of its original value up to 480 h when the stability of the
     electrooptical signal was monitored at 85° under vacuum.
SŦ
     conjugated dihydrofuran linked thiophene prepn nonlinear
     optical material
IT
     Electrooptical modulators
     Electrooptical switches
       Nonlinear optical materials
        (preparation of 2,5-dihydrofuran-linked thiophene derivs. having conjugated
        double bonds as nonlinear optical materials)
IT
     498-62-4P, 3-Thiophenecarboxaldehyde
                                            636-72-6P, 2-Thiophenemethanol
     765-50-4P, 2-Chloromethylthiophene
                                          2026-42-8P, Diethyl
                                       53358-54-6P, N,N-Dibutyl-4-bromoaniline
     [(thien-2-yl)methyl]phosphonate
     70260-16-1P, 2-Bromo-3-hydroxymethylthiophene 71637-34-8P,
     3-(Hydroxymethyl)thiophene
                                  90134-11-5P, 3-[4-(Dibutylamino)henyl]crolein
     364599-35-9P, 2-Imino-3-cyano-4,5,5-trimethyl-2,5-dihydrofuran
     369609-49-4P, 2-(Dicyanomethylene)-3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-
     trifluoromethyl-2,5-dihydrofuran 613237-31-3P, 2-(1-Ethoxycarbonyl-1-
     cyanomethylene)-3-cyano-4,5,5-trimethyl-2,5-dihydrofuran
                                                                613237-32-4P,
     2-(1-Cyano-1-nitromethylene)-3-cyano-4,5,5-trimethyl-2,5-dihydrofuran
                    613237-34-6P, 2-Imino-3-(2-pyridyl)-4,5,5-trimethyl-2,5-
     613237-33-5P
                    613237-35-7P, 2-(Dicyanomethylene)-3-(2-pyridyl)-4,5,5-
     dihydrofuran
     trimethyl-2,5-dihydrofuran
                                613237-37-9P, N,N-Dibutyl-4-((1E,3E)-4-(5-
     formylthien-2-yl)-1,3-butadienyl]aniline
                                                721969-05-7P,
     2-Bromo-3-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxymethyl)thiophene
                                                           721969-06-8P.
     Diethyl [[3-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxymethyl)thien-2-yl]methyl]phosphate
     733808-62-3P, N,N-Dibutyl-4-[(1E,3E)-4-(thien-2-yl)-1,3-butadienyl]aniline
     733808-63-4P, N,N-Dibutyl-4-[(1E,3E)-4-(3-tert-butyldimethylsiloxy-5-
     formylthien-2-yl)-1,3-butadienyl]aniline
                                               733808-64-5P,
     N, N-Dibutyl-4-[(1E, 3E)-4-(3-tert-butyldimethylsiloxythien-2-y1)-1, 3-
     butadienyl]aniline
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; preparation of 2,5-dihydrofuran-linked thiophene derivs.
        having conjugated double bonds as nonlinear optical
        materials)
IT
     613237-39-1P 613237-40-4P
                                 733808-66-7P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of 2,5-dihydrofuran-linked thiophene derivs. having conjugated
        double bonds as nonlinear optical materials)
IT
     78-40-0, Triethyl phosphate 98-03-3, 2-Thiophenecarboxaldehyde
     105-56-6, Ethyl cyanoacetate 109-77-3, Malononitrile
                                                              115-22-0.
     3-Hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2-one 613-29-6, N,N-Dibutylaniline
     3-Bromothiophene
                        927-63-9, 3-(Dimethylamino)acrolein
                                                              2739-97-1,
     2-Pyridylacetonitrile
                             5217-47-0, 1,3-Diethyl-2-thiobarbituric acid
     10419-77-9, Diethyl iodomethylphosphonate 13218-13-8, Nitroacetonitrile
     18162-48-6, tert-Butyldimethylsilyl chloride
                                                    240807-13-0, Diethyl
     iodomethylphosphate
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reactant; preparation of 2,5-dihydrofuran-linked thiophene derivs. having
        conjugated double bonds as nonlinear optical
        materials)
RE.CNT
             THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.
```

- (1) Dalton; US 20020084446 A1 2002
- (2) Huang; US 20020160282 A1 2002
- (3) University Of Washington; WO 0208215 Al 2002 CA
- (4) Zhang; Abstract of Polymer Preprints 1999, V40(1), P156 CA
- IT 369609-49-4P, 2-(Dicyanomethylene)-3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-trifluoromethyl-2,5-dihydrofuran

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; preparation of 2,5-dihydrofuran-linked thiophene derivs. having conjugated double bonds as nonlinear optical

materials)

RN 369609-49-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 613237-39-1P 613237-40-4P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 2,5-dihydrofuran-linked thiophene derivs. having conjugated double bonds as nonlinear optical materials)

RN 613237-39-1 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 613237-40-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-4-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L25 ANSWER 8 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 141:140868 CA

ED Entered STN: 19 Aug 2004

TI Nanoscale Architectural Control and Macromolecular Engineering of Nonlinear Optical Dendrimers and Polymers for Electro-Optics

AU Luo, Jingdong; Haller, Marnie; Ma, Hong; Liu, Sen; Kim, Tae-Dong; Tian, Yanqing; Chen, Baoquan; Jang, Sei-Hum; Dalton, Larry R.; Jen, Alex K-Y.

CS Department of Materials Science & Engineering, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195, USA

SO Journal of Physical Chemistry B (2004), 108(25), 8523-8530 CODEN: JPCBFK; ISSN: 1520-6106

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 36, 73

AB Nanoscale architectural control during preparation was used to tailor the size, shape, conformation, and functionality of Ph tetracyanobutadienyl thiophene stilbene NLO chromophores and macromols. and their effects on poling efficiency were studied. The structure of these materials varies from a 3-D-shaped dendritic chromophore, multifunctional dendrimers with the center core connected to NLO chromophores, and cross-linkable functional groups at the periphery, to side-chain-dendronized NLO polymers. All the poling results from these systems show dramatically enhanced electro-optic (EO) properties (a factor of 2-3) compared to conventional NLO polymers.

ST phenyl tetracyanobutadienyl thiophene stilbene dendrimer prepn NLO property; electrooptic response dendrimer functional group poling efficiency

IT Polymer chains

(conformation; preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)

IT Electrooptical effect

(poling; preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)

IT Nonlinear optical materials

(preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)

IT Dendritic polymers

```
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of
       poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO
        electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)
IT
     134151-66-9P, 4-Trifluorovinyloxybenzoic acid
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene
       dendrons and of poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and
       NLO electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)
     108-30-5, Succinic anhydride, reactions
ΙT
                                               124-38-9, Carbon dioxide,
                                                   134151-77-2,
     reactions
                 2857-97-8, Bromotrimethylsilane
                                          143330-91-0, 3,5-Dihydroxybenzoic
     1-Bromo-4-trifluorovinyloxybenzene
     acid 2,2,2-trichloroethyl ester
                                       224784-28-5
                                                     717923-47-2
                                                                   717923-48-3,
     4-[(Trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzyl alcohol
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of
       poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO
        electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)
IT
     717923-49-4P
                    724771-20-4P
                                   724771-22-6P 724771-27-1P
     724771-29-3P 724771-31-7P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of
       poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO
       electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)
IT
     538-75-0, 1,3-Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide 91944-64-8, 4-(Dimethylamino)-
    pyridinium 4-toluenesulfonate
    RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of
       poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO
        electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)
IT
     502449-11-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of
       poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO
       electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)
IT
     727722-17-0P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (side-chain dendronized polymers of cylindrical shape; preparation of
       phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of poly(vinyl
       alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO electrooptic
       response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)
RE.CNT
             THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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(3) Frey, H; Angew Chem, Int Ed 1998, V37, P2193 CA
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(8) Luo, J; Adv Mater 2002, V14, P1763 CA
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- (19) Robinson, B; J Phys Chem A 2000, V104, P4785 CA
- (20) Schluter, A; Angew Chem, Int Ed 2000, V39, P864 CA
- (21) Schluter, A; Top Curr Chem 1998, V197, P165 CA
- (22) Shi, Y; Science 2000, V288, P119 CA
- (23) Shu, L; Angew Chem, Int Ed 2001, V40, P4666 CA
- (24) Teng, C; Appl Phys Lett 1990, V56, P1734 CA
- IT 724771-27-1P 724771-29-3P 724771-31-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)

RN 724771-27-1 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, [[4-[2-[3-[3-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-[3-(methoxymethoxy)propyl]-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

-- о-- сн₂-- оме

RN 724771-29-3 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, [[4-[2-[3-[3-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-(3-hydroxypropyl)-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CF2} \\ \text{F-C-O} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{C} \\ \text{C$$

PAGE 1-B

RN 724771-31-7 CA

CN Butanedioic acid, mono[3-[3-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis[2-[[4-[trifluoroethenyl]oxy]benzoyl]oxy]ethyl]amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CF2} \\ \text{F-C-O} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{C} \\ \text{C$$

PAGE 1-B

IT 727722-17-0P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (side-chain dendronized polymers of cylindrical shape; preparation of phenyl-cyanobutadienylthiophene-stilbene dendrons and of poly(vinyl alc.) side chain dendronized polymers and NLO electrooptic response of cylindrical shape dendrimers)

RN 727722-17-0 CA

CN Phenol, 4-ethenyl-, homopolymer, 3-[3-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis[2-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxy]ethyl]amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl butanedioate 3,5-bis[[4-

[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 724771-31-7

CMF C57 H50 F6 N4 O11

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CF2} \\ \text{F-C-O} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{C} \\ \text{C$$

PAGE 1-B

$$\begin{array}{c} {\rm o} \\ || \\ -{\rm o} - {\rm c} - {\rm ch}_2 - {\rm ch}_2 - {\rm co}_2 {\rm h} \end{array}$$

CM2

502449-11-8 CRN

C25 H16 F6 O6 CMF

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CF2} \\ \parallel \\ \text{F-C-O} \\ \\ \text{CH2-O-CH2} \\ \end{array} \\ \text{O-C-F} \\ \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 24979-70-2 CMF (C8 H8 O)x

CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

L25 ANSWER 9 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 141:130999 CA

ED Entered STN: 12 Aug 2004

TI Nonlinear optical compounds and methods for their preparation

IN Jen, Kwan-Yue; Ma, Hong; Liu, Sen; Dalton, Larry R.

PA University of Washington, USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 39 pp. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM G03B011-00 ICS G02B005-02

INCL 252582000; 204157150

CC 73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 27

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 20041351	.30	A1	20040715	US 2003-347117	20030115
	US 20050235	07	A1	20050203	US 2004-934964	20040903
PRAI US 2003-347117			A3	20030115		
CLASS						
PAT	ENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT	FAMILY CLAS	SIFICATION CODES	
				·		

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US 2004135130
                 ICM
                        G03B011-00
                 ICS
                        G02B005-02
                        252582000; 204157150
                 INCL
 US 2004135130
                 NCL
                        252/582.000
 US 2005023507
                        252/582.000
                 NCL
     MARPAT 141:130999
     Nonlinear optically active compds., methods for making nonlinear optically
AB
     active compds., compds. useful for making nonlinear optically active
     compds., methods for making compds. useful for making nonlinear optically
     active compds., macrostructures that include nonlinear optically active
     components, and devices including the nonlinear optically active compds.
     and the macrostructures.
ST
     NLO property electrooptical aniline donor thiophene bridge
     tricyanodihydrofuran acceptor
TΨ
     Electrooptical effect
     Electrooptical materials
     Glass substrates
       Nonlinear optical properties
        (preparation and electrooptical properties of compds. with aniline moiety
        donor, tricyanodihydrofuran acceptor and thiophene bridge)
ΙT
     7440-57-5, Gold, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrode; preparation and electrooptical properties of compds. with
        aniline moiety donor, tricyanodihydrofuran acceptor and thiophene
        bridge)
ΙT
     9011-14-7, Polymethylmethacrylate
                                          50926-11-9, ITO
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and electrooptical properties of compds. with aniline moiety
        donor, tricyanodihydrofuran acceptor and thiophene bridge)
TΨ
     721969-04-6P 721969-10-4P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and electrooptical properties of compds. with aniline moiety
        donor, tricyanodihydrofuran acceptor and thiophene bridge)
     498-62-4P, 3-Thiophenecarboxaldehyde 636-72-6P, 2-Thiophenemethanol 765-50-4P 2026-42-8P 53358-54-6P, 4-Bromo-n,N-dibutylaniline
IT
     70260-16-1P, 3-Thiophenemethanol, 2-bromo-
                                                  71637-34-8P,
     3-(Hydroxymethyl)thiophene
                                  90134-11-5P 364599-35-9P
     369609-49-4P
                    613237-31-3P
                                    613237-32-4P
                                                   613237-33-5P
     613237-34-6P
                    613237-35-7P
                                    721969-02-4P
                                                   721969-03-5P
                                                                   721969-05-7P
     721969-06-8P
                    721969-07-9P
                                    721969-08-0P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and electrooptical properties of compds. with aniline moiety
        donor, tricyanodihydrofuran acceptor and thiophene bridge)
ΙT
     721969-12-6P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and electrooptical properties of compds. with aniline moiety
        donor, tricyanodihydrofuran acceptor and thiophene bridge)
IT
     721969-04-6P 721969-10-4P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and electrooptical properties of compds. with aniline moiety
        donor, tricyanodihydrofuran acceptor and thiophene bridge)
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721969-04-6 CA

RN

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[2-[5-[4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 721969-10-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[2-[5-[4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-4-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 369609-49-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and electrooptical properties of compds. with aniline moiety donor, tricyanodihydrofuran acceptor and thiophene bridge)

RN 369609-49-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L25 ANSWER 10 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 141:106890 CA

ED Entered STN: 05 Aug 2004

TI Polymers having pendant **nonlinear optical** chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them

IN Huang, Diyun; Chen, Baoquan

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 395,610. CODEN: USXXCO

DT

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Patent
LΑ
     English
IC
     ICM C08G075-00
     ICS C07D049-02
INCL 528377000; 549059000
     35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 73
FAN.CNT 5
     PATENT NO.
                           KIND DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                                                          DATE
                                   ------
                                                -----
                                                                          -----
                                   20040708
PΙ
     US 2004132960
                            A1
                                                US 2003-625371
                                                                          20030723
     US 2002160282
                           A1
                                   20021031
                                                US 2001-932831
                                                                          20010817
     US 6716995
                           B2 20040406
                          A1 20030612
     US 2003107027
                                                US 2002-301978
                                                                          20021122
     US 6750603
                           B2
                                   20040615
                          A1 20031002 US 2003-395610
     US 2003183812
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                                                                          20031119
                          A2
A3
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              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
              GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
              PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,
              TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,
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              AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
                        P
PRAI US 2000-226267P
                                   20000817
                           A2
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                                   20010817
     US 2002-301978
                           A1
                                   20021122
     US 2003-395610
                           A2
                                   20030324
     US 2003-625371
                            Α
                                   20030723
     WO 2003-US37180
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                                   20031119
CLASS
PATENT NO.
                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
US 2004132960
                  ICM
                          C08G075-00
                          C07D049-02
                  ICS
                  INCL
                          528377000; 549059000
US 2004132960
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                          528/377.000
                  ECLA
                          C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                          G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
US 2002160282
                  NCL
                          430/007.000
                  ECLA
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                          G02F001/361D2
US 2003107027
                  NCL
                          252/582.000
                          C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                          G02F001/361D2
US 2003183812
                  NCL
                          252/583.000
                  ECLA
                          C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                          G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
WO 2004048927
                  ECLA G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
     The invention relates to a nonlinear optical
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chromophore having the formula D-\pi-A, wherein \pi is a \pi bridge
     including a thiophene ring having oxygen atoms bonded directly to the 3
     and 4 positions of the thiophene ring, D is a donor, and A is an acceptor,
     and compns. that include a linear polymer and the chromophore as a pendant
     group.
     optoelectronic device manuf nonlinear optical
ST
     chromophore polymer; thiophene substituted chromophore polymer
     optoelectronic device manuf
IT
     Chromophores
        (manufacture of polymers having pendant nonlinear optical
        chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)
IT
     Optoelectronics
     Waveguides
        (polymers having pendant nonlinear optical
        chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)
ΙT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polymers having pendant nonlinear optical
        chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)
IT
     132721-26-7, Bisphenol A; carbonic acid; 4, 4'-(3, 3, 5-
     trimethylcyclohexylidene)diphenol copolymer
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (assumed monomers; polymers having pendant nonlinear
        optical chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)
IT
     540777-74-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (chromophores; polymers having pendant nonlinear
        optical chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)
IT
     126673-34-5, 3,4-Dibutoxythiophene
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (manufacture of polymers having pendant nonlinear optical
        chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)
     718636-99-8P 718637-00-4P
IT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polymers having pendant nonlinear optical
        chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)
ΙT
    134151-76-1P
                   143330-91-0P, (2,2,2-Trichloroethyl) 3,5-dihydroxybenzoate
     147212-47-3P
                    273940-68-4P
                                   273940-69-5P
                                                  273940-70-8P 400760-60-3P
    540777-72-8P
                    540777-73-9P
                                   540777-75-1P
                                                  540777-76-2P
                                                                  540777-77-3P
                    540777-79-5P
    540777-78-4P
                                   701235-41-8P
                                                  701235-43-0P
    701235-45-2P
                    701235-51-0P 701235-53-2P 701235-55-4P
    701235-57-6P 701235-59-8P 701235-61-2P
    701235-63-4P
                    717923-43-8P
                                   717923-44-9P
                                                  717923-45-0P
    717923-46-1P
                    717923-47-2P
                                   717923-48-3P
                                                  717923-49-4P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (polymers having pendant nonlinear optical
        chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)
ΙT
     540777-80-8P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polymers having pendant nonlinear optical
        chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)
TΤ
    68-12-2, DMF, reactions
                             85-44-9, Phthalic anhydride
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3,5-Dihydroxybenzoic acid 108-24-7, Acetic anhydride 109-92-2, Ethyl vinyl ether 115-20-8, 2,2,2-Trichloroethanol 653-34-9, 2,3,4,5,6-Pentafluorostyrene 1071-73-4, 3-Acetyl-1-propanol 6399-81-1, Triphenylphosphine hydrobromide 7087-68-5, Diisopropylethylamine 18162-48-6, TBDMS-Cl 134151-67-0 134151-77-2 156780-48-2 171082-32-9 392662-56-5 392662-60-1 502449-11-8 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (polymers having pendant nonlinear optical chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them) ΙT 16940-66-2, Sodium borohydride (NaBH4) RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reducing agent; polymers having pendant nonlinear optical chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them) IT 718636-99-8P 718637-00-4P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polymers having pendant nonlinear optical chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them) RN 718636-99-8 CA CN [3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-[3-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl 1,2-benzenedicarboxylate 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoate (9CI) INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 701235-61-2

Double bond geometry as shown.

C73 H81 F3 N4 O12 S2

CMF

CM 2

CRN 134151-66-9 CMF C9 H5 F3 O3

CM 3

CRN 24979-70-2 CMF (C8 H8 O)x

CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

RN 718637-00-4 CA

CN Phenol, 4-ethenyl-, homopolymer, 6-[[4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E)-2-[2-[3-[3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-3,4-dibutoxy-2-thienyl]ethenyl]ethenyl]-3,4-dibutoxy-2-thienyl]ethenyl]ethylamino]hexyl 1,2-benzenedicarboxylate 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 701235-63-4 CMF C89 H92 F6 N4 O15 S2

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-B

CM 2

CRN 134151-66-9 CMF C9 H5 F3 O3

CM 3

CRN 24979-70-2 CMF (C8 H8 O)x

CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

IT 540777-78-4P 701235-53-2P 701235-55-4P

701235-57-6P 701235-59-8P 701235-61-2P

701235-63-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(polymers having pendant nonlinear optical

chromophores and electro-optic devices made from them)

RN 540777-78-4 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, [[4-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-

thienyl]ethenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 701235-53-2 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, 3-[4-cyano-3-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-[[6-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]hexyl]ethylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]-2-thienyl]-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 701235-55-4 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]-, 3-[4-cyano-3-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-[[6-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]hexyl]ethylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-B

RN 701235-57-6 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, 3-[4-cyano-3-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-[ethyl(6-hydroxyhexyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 701235-59-8 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]-, 3-[4-cyano-3-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-[ethyl(6-hydroxyhexyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 2-B

RN 701235-61-2 CA

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[6-[[4-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-[3-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 701235-63-4 CA

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[6-[[4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E)-2-[2-[3-[[3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-3,4-dibutoxy-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-3,4-dibutoxy-2-thienyl]ethenyl]ethylamino]hexyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-B

```
ANSWER 11 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L25
AN
     141:44659 CA
     Entered STN: 08 Jul 2004
ED
ΤI
     Second order nonlinear optical chromophores, polymers,
      and electro-optic devices
IN
     Huang, Diyun; Chen, Baoquan
PA
     Lumera Corporation, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
TC
     ICM G01N
     73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
     Properties)
FAN.CNT 5
     PATENT NO.
                            KIND
                                    DATE
                                                  APPLICATION NO.
                                                                            DATE
                            ____
                                    -----
                                                  -----
                                                                            -----
PΙ
     WO 2004048927
                             A2
                                                  WO 2003-US37180
                                    20040610
                                                                            20031119
     WO 2004048927
                             A3
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              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
              PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN,
          TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
              BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
              ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,
              TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2003107027
                                    20030612
                                                 US 2002-301978
                             Α1
                                                                            20021122
     US 6750603
                             B2
                                    20040615
     US 2004132960
                                    20040708
                             A1
                                                 US 2003-625371
                                                                            20030723
     CA 2505881
                             AΑ
                                    20040610
                                                  CA 2003-2505881
                                                                            20031119
     EP 1573391
                             A2
                                    20050914
                                                  EP 2003-789898
                                                                            20031119
              AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
PRAI US 2002-301978
                             A2
                                    20021122
     US 2003-625371
                             A2
                                    20030723
     US 2000-226267P
                             Ρ
                                    20000817
     US 2001-932831
                             A2
                                    20010817
     US 2003-395610
                             A2
                                    20030324
     WO 2003-US37180
                             W
```

20031119

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CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
                ____
                ICM
 WO 2004048927
                        G01N
WO 2004048927
                 ECLA
                        G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
 US 2003107027
                 NCL
                        252/582.000
                 ECLA
                        C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                        G02F001/361D2
 US 2004132960
                NCL
                        528/377.000
                 ECLA
                        C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                        G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
AB
     The invention refers to a nonlinear optical
     chromophore D-\pi-A, wherein \pi is a \pi bridge including a thiophene
     ring having O atoms bonded directly to the 3 and 4 positions of the
     thiophene ring, D is a donor, and A is an acceptor, and compns. that
     include a linear polymer and the chromophore as a pendant group.
     second order nonlinear optical chromophore polymer
     electrooptical device
IT
     Optics
        (electrooptics; second order nonlinear optical
        chromophores, polymers containing same, and electro-optic devices
        therefrom)
IT
     Polymers, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (linear; second order nonlinear optical
        chromophores, polymers containing same, and electro-optic devices
        therefrom)
IT
     Nonlinear optical materials
        (second order nonlinear optical chromophores,
       polymers containing same, and electro-optic devices therefrom)
IT
     Chromophores
        (second order nonlinear optical; second order
       nonlinear optical chromophores, polymers containing same,
        and electro-optic devices therefrom)
                                   540777-80-8P 701235-67-8P
IT
     540777-78-4P
                    540777-79-5P
     701235-70-3P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (second order nonlinear optical chromophores,
       polymers containing same, and electro-optic devices therefrom)
ΙT
     68-12-2, Dimethylformamide, reactions 85-44-9, 1,3-Isobenzofurandione
     108-24-7, Acetyl acetate 603-35-0, Triphenyl phosphine, reactions
     653-34-9, Pentafluoro styrene 18162-48-6, TBDMS-Cl
                                                           126673-34-5,
     3,4-Dibutoxy thiophene 134151-67-0
                                           134151-77-2
                                                          156780-48-2
     171082-32-9
                  392662-56-5
                                 392662-60-1
                                               701235-49-6
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (second order nonlinear optical chromophores,
       polymers containing same, and electro-optic devices therefrom)
IT
     147212-47-3P
                    273940-68-4P
                                   273940-69-5P
                                                  273940-70-8P
                                                                 400760-60-3P
     540777-72-8P
                    540777-73-9P
                                   540777-74-0P
                                                  540777-75-1P
                                                                 540777-76-2P
     540777-77-3P
                    701235-41-8P - 701235-43-0P
                                                  701235-45-2P
                                                                 701235-47-4P
     701235-51-0P 701235-53-2P 701235-55-4P
     701235-57-6P 701235-59-8P 701235-61-2P
     701235-63-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (second order nonlinear optical chromophores,
        polymers containing same, and electro-optic devices therefrom)
```

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 701235-67-8 CA

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 6-[[4-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-[3-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl 4-ethenylphenyl ester, polymer with 4-ethenylphenyl 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 701235-66-7 CMF C17 H11 F3 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} CF_2 \\ \parallel \\ F-C-O \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} CH = CH_2 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 701235-65-6 CMF C81 H87 F3 N4 O12 S2

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 701235-70-3 CA

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 6-[[4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E)-2-[2-[3-[3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-3,4-dibutoxy-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-3,4-dibutoxy-2-thienyl]ethenyl]ethylamino]hexyl 4-ethenylphenyl ester, polymer with 4-ethenylphenyl 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 701235-69-0 CMF C97 H98 F6 N4 O15 S2

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

n-BuO_

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

PAGE 2-B

CM 2

CRN 701235-66-7 CMF C17 H11 F3 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CF}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{F-C-O} \\ \hline \\ \text{C-O} \end{array}$$

TT 701235-53-2P 701235-55-4P 701235-57-6P 701235-59-8P 701235-61-2P 701235-63-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(second order nonlinear optical chromophores,

polymers containing same, and electro-optic devices therefrom)

RN 701235-53-2 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, 3-[4-cyano-3-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-[[6-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]hexyl]ethylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]-2-thienyl]-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 701235-55-4 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]-,
3-[4-cyano-3-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4[[6-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]hexyl]ethylamino]phenyl]ethenyl
]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-B

RN 701235-57-6 CA
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, 3-[4-cyano-3-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-[ethyl(6-hydroxyhexyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 701235-59-8 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]-,
3-[4-cyano-3-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4[ethyl(6-hydroxyhexyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2thienyl]ethenyl]-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-B

RN 701235-61-2 CA

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[6-[[4-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-[3-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 701235-63-4 CA

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[6-[[4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E)-2-[2[3-[[3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-3,4dibutoxy-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-3,4-dibutoxy-2-thienyl]ethenyl]ethylami
no]hexyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-B

L25 ANSWER 12 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 140:182100 CA

ED Entered STN: 11 Mar 2004

TI A Side-Chain Dendronized Nonlinear Optical Polyimide with Large and Thermally Stable Electrooptic Activity

AU Luo, Jingdong; Haller, Marnie; Li, Hongxiang; Tang, Hong-Zhi; Jen, Alex K.-Y.; Jakka, Kavitha; Chou, Chia-Hung; Shu, Ching-Fong

CS Department of Material Science and Engineering, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195, USA

SO Macromolecules (2004), 37(2), 248-250 CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

```
09/912,444
CC
     36-5 (Physical Properties of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 73, 76
AΒ
     High-Tg aromatic polyimide with pendant dendronized NLO
     chromophores functionalized on a cardo bisphenol linkage backbone were
     synthesized and characterized. High poling efficiency has been achieved
     to afford a very large electrooptical coefficient (71 pm/V at 1.3 μm). More
     than 90% of this value can be retained at 85° for more than 650 h.
ST
     electrooptical effect polyimide NLO dendron pendant thermal
     stability poling
IT
     Polyimides, properties
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (cardo, fluorine-containing; synthesis, characterization, and
        electrooptical properties of thermally stable cardo polyimide with
        pendant dendronized NLO chromophores)
IT
     Refractive index
        (nonlinear; synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical properties
        of thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized
        NLO chromophores)
IT
     Dielectric polarization
        (poling efficiency; synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical
        properties of thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized
        NLO chromophores)
ΙT
     Fluoropolymers, properties
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (polyimide-, cardo; synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical
        properties of thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized
        NLO chromophores)
IT
     Cardo polymers
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (polyimides, fluorine-containing; synthesis, characterization, and
        electrooptical properties of thermally stable cardo polyimide with
        pendant dendronized NLO chromophores)
     Electrooptical effect
IT
       Nonlinear optical materials
     Thermal stability
     Third-order nonlinear optical susceptibility
        (synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical properties of
        thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized NLO
        chromophores)
IT
     62-53-3, Aniline, reactions
                                   53133-99-6
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (monomer synthesis; synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical
        properties of thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized
       NLO chromophores)
ΙT
     42523-29-5P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (monomer synthesis; synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical
        properties of thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized
       NLO chromophores)
IT
     657862-72-1P
```

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer; synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical properties of thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized NLO chromophores)

ΙT 658690-18-7P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

```
(synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical properties of
        thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized NLO
        chromophores)
IT
     602-94-8, Perfluorobenzoic acid 502558-67-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical properties of
        thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized NLO
        chromophores)
IT
     657862-78-7P
                    657862-84-5P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical properties of
        thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized NLO
        chromophores)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
        25
RE
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(2) Chen, T; J Am Chem Soc 1995, V117, P7295 CA
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     658690-18-7P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical properties of
        thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized NLO
        chromophores)
RN
     658690-18-7 CA
CN
     1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-
     (trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-, polymer with 9,9-bis(4-aminophenyl)-9H-
     fluorene-2,7-diol, 6-[[4-[2-[3-[3-[2-[3-[[3,5-bis[[4-
     [(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-
     (dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-
     dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl hydrogen
     1,2-benzenedicarboxylate (ester) pentafluorobenzoate (ester) (9CI) (CA
     INDEX NAME)
```

CM 1

CRN 502558-67-0 CMF C72 H66 F6 N4 O11

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & Et \\ \hline C-O-(CH_2)_6-N \\ \hline CO_2H \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 602-94-8 CMF C7 H F5 O2

CM 3

CRN 657862-78-7

CMF (C25 H20 N2 O2 . C19 H6 F6 O6) \times

CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 657862-72-1 CMF C25 H20 N2 O2

CM 5

CRN 1107-00-2 CMF C19 H6 F6 O6

IT 502558-67-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis, characterization, and electrooptical properties of
thermally stable cardo polyimide with pendant dendronized NLO
chromophores)

RN 502558-67-0 CA

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[6-[[4-[2-[3-[3-[2-[3-[[3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

L25 ANSWER 13 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 140:84155 CA

ED Entered STN: 29 Jan 2004

TI Star-shaped azo based dipolar chromophores: Design, synthesis, matrix compatibility and electro-optic activity

AU Gopalan, Padma; Katz, Howard E.; McGee, Dave J.; Erben, Chris; Zielinski, Tom; Bousquet, Danielle; Muller, David; Grazul, John; Olsson, Ylva

CS Bell Laboratories, Lucent Technologies, Murray Hill, NJ, 07974, USA

SO PMSE Preprints (2003), 89, 271-272 CODEN: PPMRA9; ISSN: 1550-6703

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal; (computer optical disk)

LA English

CC 73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

AB The authors demonstrated a simple high yielding synthetic procedure involving 3 to 6 steps towards the 1st dendritic azo-based NLO chromophores. These chromophores could be poled in a polycarbonate host to achieve a EO coefficient of ≤25 pmN at 1550 nm. STEM studies to correlate blend morphol. with the electrooptic activity, indicates that these high mol. weight chromophores form incompatible blends in methacrylate copolymer where as they disperse predominantly into 2 to 20nm domains in amorphous polycarbonate matrix.

ST nonlinear optical azo dipolar chromophore

```
electrooptical device
IT
     Electrooptical effect
        (activity; star-shaped azo based dipolar chromophores: design,
        synthesis, matrix compatibility and electro-optic activity)
IT
     Optical activity
        (electrooptical; star-shaped azo based dipolar chromophores: design,
        synthesis, matrix compatibility and electro-optic activity)
IT
     Chromophores
       Nonlinear optical materials
        (star-shaped azo based dipolar chromophores: design, synthesis, matrix
        compatibility and electro-optic activity)
IT
    639523-38-9P
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation);
     RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (star-shaped azo based dipolar chromophores: design, synthesis, matrix
        compatibility and electro-optic activity)
IT
     639523-48-1P
                    639523-50-5P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (star-shaped azo based dipolar chromophores: design, synthesis, matrix
        compatibility and electro-optic activity)
                   639523-36-7 639523-41-4
IT
     152243-43-1
                                              639523-44-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (star-shaped azo based dipolar chromophores: design, synthesis, matrix
        compatibility and electro-optic activity)
ΙT
     639523-46-9
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (star-shaped azo based dipolar chromophores: design, synthesis, matrix
        compatibility and electro-optic activity)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RF.
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IT
     639523-41-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (star-shaped azo based dipolar chromophores: design, synthesis, matrix
        compatibility and electro-optic activity)
RN
     639523-41-4 CA
CN
     Benzenediazonium, 4-[2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2,2-
     dimethyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 639523-40-3
     CMF C18 H12 N5 O
```

CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

L25 ANSWER 14 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 140:42644 CA

ED Entered STN: 15 Jan 2004

TI Highly efficient and thermally stable electro-optic polymer from a smartly controlled crosslinking process

AU Luo, Jingdong; Haller, Marnie; Li, Hongxiang; Kim, Tae-Dong; Jen, Alex K.-Y.

CS Department of Materials Science and Engineering, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195-2120, USA

SO Advanced Materials (Weinheim, Germany) (2003), 15(19), 1635-1638 CODEN: ADVMEW; ISSN: 0935-9648

PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DT Journal

LA English

CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 73

AB Three different functional moieties including the derivs. of a Cheng-Larry-Dalton-type chromophore, a capped maleimide, and furanic ring were sequentially attached onto poly(4-vinylphenol) as side chains to afford a crosslinkable nonlinear optical polymer. A smartly controlled thermal reversible crosslinking through Diels-Alder and

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retro Diels-Alder reactions allowed the bulky chromophore to be
     efficiently poled at the linear thermoplastic stage. The resulting
     material showed a combination of a very large electrooptical coefficient r33
     value (76 pm V-1 at 1.3 \mum) and good temporal stability at 70°.
ST
     electrooptic polyvinylphenol chromophore maleimide furan deriv
     crosslinking
IT
     Electrooptical effect
        (preparation of highly efficient and thermally stable electro-optic polymer
        from smartly controlled crosslinking process)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, preparation
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of highly efficient and thermally stable electro-optic polymer
        from smartly controlled crosslinking process)
     24979-70-2DP, Poly(4-vinylphenol), reaction products with
IT
     Cheng-Larry-Dalton-type chromophore, maleimide derivative, and furan derivative
     105578-55-0DP, reaction products with poly(vinylphenol),
     Cheng-Larry-Dalton-type chromophore, and maleimide derivative
     502558-67-0DP, reaction products with poly(vinylphenol), maleimide
     derivative, and furan derivative
                                       637025-84-4DP, reaction products with
     poly(vinylphenol), Cheng-Larry-Dalton-type chromophore, and furan derivative
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of highly efficient and thermally stable electro-optic polymer
        from smartly controlled crosslinking process)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
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- (37) Zhu, P; Chem Mater 2002, V14, P4982 CA
- (38) Zyss, J; Molecular Nonlinear Optics: Materials, Physics and Devices 1994
- IT 502558-67-0DP, reaction products with poly(vinylphenol), maleimide
 derivative, and furan derivative

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of highly efficient and thermally stable electro-optic polymer from smartly controlled crosslinking process)

RN 502558-67-0 CA

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[6-[[4-[2-[3-[3-[3-[3-[3-[3-[3-[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

L25 ANSWER 15 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 140:34537 CA

ED Entered STN: 08 Jan 2004

TI Focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivatives as electron acceptors for highly efficient nonlinear optical chromophores

AU Liu, Sen; Haller, Marnie A.; Luo, Jingdong; Jang, Sei-Hum; Ma, Hong; Dalton, Larry R.; Jen, Alex K.-Y.

CS Departments of Materials Science and Engineering and Chemistry, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195, USA

SO Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings (2003), 771(Organic and Polymeric Materials and Devices), 375-380 CODEN: MRSPDH; ISSN: 0272-9172

PB Materials Research Society

DT Journal

LA English

CC 76-14 (Electric Phenomena) Section cross-reference(s): 22, 27, 35, 72

AB A diversified family of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. has been synthesized as a new class of highly efficient and tunable electron acceptors using the single-mode focused microwave irradiation. High poling efficiency and very large electro-optic coeffs. (r33 values of 128 and 116 pm/V at 1.3 µm) have been demonstrated using 2-dicyanomethylene-3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-trifluoromethyl-2,5-dihydrofuran (CF3-TCF)-based chromophores as dopant in

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poly(Me methacrylate) (PMMA) and a high glass-transition temperature
     polyquinoline (PQ-100) resp. Films were doped with [3-cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-
     [(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-4-[[[(1,1-
     dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-
     (trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile. Excellent dipole
     alignment stability has also been demonstrated in the guest/host composite
     at 85°C. Multi-functionalized NLO chromophores based on
     hydroxy containing 2,5-dihydrofuran acceptors were also synthesized through
     microwave methodol. for further characterizations.
     microwave dihydrofuran electron acceptor nonlinear
ST
     optical chromophore; polyquinoline microwave dihydrofuran electron
     acceptor nonlinear optical chromophore; methacrylate
     microwave dihydrofuran electron acceptor nonlinear
     optical chromophore; film microwave dihydrofuran electron acceptor
     nonlinear optical chromophore; electrooptical material
     microwave dihydrofuran electron acceptor nonlinear
     optical chromophore; HOMO MO microwave dihydrofuran electron
     acceptor nonlinear optical chromophore; LUMO MO
     microwave dihydrofuran electron acceptor nonlinear
     optical chromophore
TΤ
     Electron acceptors
     Electrooptical materials
     HOMO (molecular orbital)
     LUMO (molecular orbital)
    Microwave
      Nonlinear optical materials
        (focused microwave-assisted synthesis of dihydrofuran derivs. as
        electron acceptors for highly efficient nonlinear
       optical chromophores)
ΙT
     Chromophores
        (nonlinear optical chromophores; focused
       microwave-assisted synthesis of dihydrofuran derivs. as electron
       acceptors for highly efficient nonlinear optical
       chromophores)
IT
     613237-39-1, [3-Cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-
     (dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-
     (trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile 613237-40-4
      [3-Cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-
    butadienyl]-4-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-2-
     thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-
     furanylidene]propanedinitrile
                                     613237-41-5, [3-Cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-
     [(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5,5-
    dimethyl-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile
                                                  613237-42-6,
     [3-Cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-
     4-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5,5-
    dimethyl-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile
                                                    634195-67-8
     634195-68-9
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (focused microwave-assisted synthesis of dihydrofuran derivs. as
       electron acceptors for highly efficient nonlinear
       optical chromophores)
IT
    9011-14-7, Poly(methyl methacrylate) 142084-73-9, PQ-100 (polyquinoline)
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (thin films doped with [cyano[[[(aminophenyl)butadienyl]thienyl]ethenyl
       ]furanylidene]propanedinitrile; focused microwave-assisted synthesis of
       dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for highly efficient
       nonlinear optical chromophores)
RE.CNT
       24
             THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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RF.
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- (18) Shi, Y; Science 2000, V288, P119 CA
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- 613237-39-1, [3-Cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile 613237-40-4 , [3-Cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3butadienyl]-4-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-2thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)furanylidene]propanedinitrile 634195-68-9 RL: PRP (Properties) (focused microwave-assisted synthesis of dihydrofuran derivs. as

electron acceptors for highly efficient nonlinear optical chromophores)

RN 613237-39-1 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl) -2(5H)-furanylidene] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

NC
$$CN$$
 E E E $N(Bu-n)_2$

RN613237-40-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-4-[[[(1,1dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 634195-68-9 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L25 ANSWER 16 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 139:323382 CA

ED Entered STN: 13 Nov 2003

TI Focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivatives as electron acceptors for highly efficient nonlinear optical chromophores

AU Liu, Sen; Haller, Marnie A.; Ma, Hong; Dalton, Larry R.; Jang, Sei-Hum; Jen, Alex K.-Y.

CS Department of Materials Science and Engineering, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195-2120, USA

SO Advanced Materials (Weinheim, Germany) (2003), 15(7-8), 603-607 CODEN: ADVMEW; ISSN: 0935-9648

PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DT Journal

LA English

CC 27-6 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
Section cross-reference(s): 36

OS CASREACT 139:323382

GI

AB A very diversified family of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs., e.g., I, was prepared as a new class of tunable electron acceptors using single-mode focused microwave irradiation. A high poling efficiency and very large r33 values (128 and 116 pm V-1 at 1.3 µm) were demonstrated using I in polymethyl methacrylate and a high-temperature polyquinoline (PQ-100). An excellent long-term temporal stability was demonstrated in the PQ guest/host system.

ST electron acceptor dihydrofuran deriv preparations.

electron acceptor dihydrofuran deriv prepn microwave; nonlinear optical chromophore dihydrofuran deriv prepn microwave; polymer additive dihydrofuran deriv nonlinear optical chromophore

IT Electron acceptors

Nonlinear optical materials

(focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)

IT Microwave

(irradiation; focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)

IT **613237-43-7** 613237-44-8

RL: PRP (Properties)

(focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)

IT 613237-42-6P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)

IT 613237-31-3P 613237-32-4P 613237-33-5P 613237-35-7P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

```
(focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as
        electron acceptors for nonlinear optical
        chromophores)
IT
     364599-35-9P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate, condensation with active methylene compds.; focused
        microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron
        acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     613237-34-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate, condensation with malononitrile; focused
        microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron
        acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     613237-36-8P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate, conversion to hydroxy ketone; focused microwave-assisted
        synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for
        nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     661-78-9P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate, cyclocondensation with malononitrile; focused
        microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron
        acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     369609-49-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate, reaction with thiophenecarboxaldehyde derivative; focused
        microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron
        acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     2739-97-1, 2-Pyridineacetonitrile
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prereactant with 3-hydroxy-3-methyl-2-butanone; focused
        microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron
        acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     421-50-1, 1,1,1-Trifluoroacetone
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prereactant with Et vinyl ether; focused microwave-assisted synthesis
        of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     105-56-6, Ethyl cyanoacetate
                                    5217-47-0, N,N'-Diethylthiobarbituric acid
     13218-13-8, Nitroacetonitrile
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prereactant with dihydroiminofurancarbonitrile; focused
        microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron
        acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     613237-37-9
                   613237-38-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prereactant with furanylidenemalononitrile derivs.; focused
        microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron
        acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     109-77-3, Malononitrile
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prereactant with hydroxy ketones; focused microwave-assisted synthesis
        of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for nonlinear
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optical chromophores)
     115-22-0, 3-Hydroxy-3-methyl-2-butanone
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prereactant with malononitrile; focused microwave-assisted synthesis
        of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
     171082-32-9
ፐጥ
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prereactant with thiophenecarboxaldehyde derivative; focused
        microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron
        acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     109-92-2, Ethyl vinyl ether
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prereactant with trifluoroacetone; focused microwave-assisted
        synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for
        nonlinear optical chromophores)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
        25
RE
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(2) Anon; Nonlinear Optical Properties of Organic Molecules and Crystals 1987
(3) Anon; Photonic Polymer Systems: Fundamentals, Methods, and Applicatons
    1998, P847
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(7) Dalton, L; Opt Eng 2000, V39, P589 CA
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(25) Wu, X; J Am Chem Soc 1999, V121, P472 CA
     613237-39-1P 613237-40-4P
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as
        electron acceptors for nonlinear optical
        chromophores)
RN
     613237-39-1 CA
CN
     Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-
     (dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-
     (trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 613237-40-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[5-[(1E,3E)-4-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-4-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 613237-43-7

RL: PRP (Properties)
 (focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as
 electron acceptors for nonlinear optical
 chromophores)

RN 613237-43-7 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[(1E)-2-[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 369609-49-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate, reaction with thiophenecarboxaldehyde derivative; focused microwave-assisted synthesis of 2,5-dihydrofuran derivs. as electron acceptors for nonlinear optical chromophores)

RN 369609-49-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L25 ANSWER 17 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 139:43992 CA

ED Entered STN: 10 Jul 2003

TI Second order nonlinear optical chromophores containing a donor and an acceptor part linked by a π -bridge including a substituted thiophene ring; and electrooptical devices employing the chromophores

IN Huang, Diyun; Chen, Baoquan

PA Lumera Corp., USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 932,831. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM F21V009-00

ICS G03B011-00; C07D049-14; C07D413-14; G02B005-02; G02C007-10

INCL 252582000; 548228000; 548243000; 548315100; 546102000; 546312000; 546152000; 546095000; 549059000; 359260000

CC 73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 22, 27, 38, 76

FAN.CNT 5

	PAT	PATENT NO.				KIN:	D DATE				APPLICATION NO.					DATE			
ΡI	US	JS 2003107027				A1	- :	20030612			 US 2	5 2002-301978				20021122			
	US	US 6750603				B2	:	2004	0615										
	US	JS 2002160282				A1		20021031			US 2001-			-932831			20010817		
	US	6716	995			B2	:	2004	0406										
	US	2003	2017	201713				20031030 US 2003-387715					20030313						
	US	6822	384			B2		2004	1123										
	US	2003183812				A 1		2003	1002		US 2003-395610			20030324					
	US	US 2003205701				A 1	20031106				US 2003-439621				20030516				
	US 6864375 US 2004132960 CA 2505881				В2		2005	0308											
					A 1		20040708 US 2003-625371						20030723						
					AA	:	20040610 CA 2003-2505881							2	20031119				
	WO 2004048927					A2		20040610 WO 2003-US37180								2	20031119		
	WO	2004048927				A3		2005	0707										
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	, BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
												, EE,							
												, KG,							

LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,

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PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN,
             TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
             BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,
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     EP 1573391
                          A2
                                20050914
                                         EP 2003-789898
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     US 2004192942
                                20040930 US 2004-757375
                         A1
                                                                   20040114
                                            US 2004-775836
     US 2004192940
                         A1
                                20040930
                                                                   20040210
PRAI US 2000-226267P
                         P
                                20000817
     US 2001-932831
                         A2
                                20010817
     US 2002-301978
                         A1
                                20021122
     US 2003-395610
                          A2
                                20030324
     US 2003-625371
                          Α
                                20030723
     WO 2003-US37180
                          W
                                20031119
CLASS
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 PATENT NO.
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                 US 2003107027
                 ICM
                        F21V009-00
                        G03B011-00; C07D049-14; C07D413-14; G02B005-02;
                 ICS
                        G02C007-10
                 INCL
                        252582000; 548228000; 548243000; 548315100; 546102000;
                        546312000; 546152000; 546095000; 549059000; 359260000
 US 2003107027
                 NCT.
                        252/582.000
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                        G02F001/361D2
 US 2002160282
                 NCL
                        430/007.000
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                 ECLA
                        G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
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                        G02F001/361D2
 US 2004132960
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                        C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
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                        G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
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                 ECLA
                        G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
 US 2004192942
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                        549/059.000
                        C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                 ECLA
                        G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F4
US 2004192940
                 NCL
                        549/042.000
                        C07D333/38; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D495/04+333B+319B;
                 ECLA
                        G02F001/361D2
OS
    MARPAT 139:43992
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GΙ

Nonlinear optical chromophores are described by the general formula I where, independently at each occurrence: R1 is absent or a π-bridge; R2 is absent or a π-bridge; D is a donor; A is an acceptor; X is O or S; and R is an alkyl, aryl, heteroalkyl, or heteroaryl group. Nonlinear optical chromophores having the formula D-π-A are also described, where π is a π-bridge including a thiophene ring having O atoms bonded directly to the 3 and 4 positions of the thiophene ring, D is a donor, and A is an acceptor. Second order nonlinear optical compns. comprising a polymer matrix and the nonlinear chromophores are also discussed as are electrooptical devices comprising the nonlinear optical compns.
ST nonlinear optical chromophore electrooptical device

nonlinear optical chromophore electrooptical device
donor acceptor thiophene bridge

IT Chromophores

(Nonlinear Optical; second-order nonlinear

optical chromophores containing donor and acceptor parts linked by π -bridge including substituted thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)

IT Nonlinear optical materials

(electrooptical; second-order nonlinear optical

chromophores containing donor and acceptor parts linked by π -bridge including substituted thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)

IT Polymers, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(matrix in NLO system; second-order nonlinear

optical chromophores containing donor and acceptor parts linked by π -bridge including substituted thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)

IT Electrooptical materials

(nonlinear; second-order nonlinear optical

chromophores containing donor and acceptor parts linked by π -bridge including substituted thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)

IT Radar

(phased array system; second-order nonlinear optical chromophores containing donor and acceptor parts linked by π -bridge including substituted thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)

IT Optical instruments

(router; second-order nonlinear optical

chromophores containing donor and acceptor parts linked by π -bridge including substituted thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)

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IT
     Electron acceptors
     Electron donors
     Electrooptical instruments
       Nonlinear optical materials
     Optical couplers
     Optical switches
     Optical waveguides
        (second-order nonlinear optical chromophores containing
        donor and acceptor parts linked by \pi-bridge including substituted
        thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)
IT
     Optical communication
        (systems; second-order nonlinear optical
        chromophores containing donor and acceptor parts linked by \pi-bridge
        including substituted thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing
        chromophores)
ΙT
     132721-26-7
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical
     process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES
     (Uses)
        (matrix; second-order nonlinear optical
        chromophores containing donor and acceptor parts linked by \pi-bridge
        including substituted thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing
        chromophores)
IT
     78-67-1
               653-34-9, 2,3,4,5,6-Pentafluorostyrene
                                                        126673-34-5
                   134151-77-2 171082-32-9 392662-56-5 392662-60-1
     134151-67-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (second-order nonlinear optical chromophores containing
        donor and acceptor parts linked by \pi-bridge including substituted
        thiophene prepared using)
IT
     147212-47-3P
                    400760-60-3P
                                   540777-72-8P
                                                  540777-73-9P
                                                                  540777-75-1P
     540777-76-2P
                    540777-77-3P
                                   540777-79-5P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (second-order nonlinear optical chromophores containing
        donor and acceptor parts linked by \pi-bridge including substituted
        thiophene prepared using)
IT
     540777-78-4P
                    540777-80-8P
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PYP (Physical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC
     (Process); USES (Uses)
        (second-order nonlinear optical chromophores containing
        donor and acceptor parts linked by \pi-bridge including substituted
        thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)
ΙT
     540777-74-0P
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical
    process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered
   material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (second-order nonlinear optical chromophores containing
        donor and acceptor parts linked by \pi-bridge including substituted
        thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)
RE.CNT
       53
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    540777-78-4P
    RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
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     (Process); USES (Uses)
        (second-order nonlinear optical chromophores containing
        donor and acceptor parts linked by \pi-bridge including substituted
        thiophene; and electrooptical devices employing chromophores)
RN
     540777-78-4 CA
    Benzoic acid, 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]-, [[4-[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-
CN
```

NC

CN

CN

[(1E)-2-[3,4-dibutoxy-5-[(1E)-2-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

Me

PAGE 1-A

n-BuO
OBu-n

F
O
OBu-n

PAGE 1-B

L25 ANSWER 18 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 138:322077 CA

ED Entered STN: 15 May 2003

TI Crosslinkable monomers for novel nonlinear optical polymers

IN Yu, Luping

PA The University of Chicago, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM G02F001-361

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

9/20/2005

Section cross-reference(s): 73 FAN.CNT 4 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----ΡI WO 2003032072 A2 20030417 WO 2002-US22531 20020715 WO 2003032072 **A3** 20031218 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2003086666 A1 20030508 US 2002-196328 20020715 US 2003085388 A1 20030508 US 2002-196734 20020715 US 2003092869 **A**1 20030515 US 2002-196565 20020715 US 2003100681 Α1 20030529 US 2002-196353 20020715 PRAI US 2001-305374P Ρ 20010713 CLASS PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES ---**-**______ _____ WO 2003032072 ICM G02F001-361 WO 2003032072 ECLA C07D211/94; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2; G02F001/361F4 US 2003086666 NCL 385/122.000 **ECLA** C07D209/88; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60; C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2; G02F001/361F4 US 2003085388 NCL 252/582.000 **ECLA** C07D209/88; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60; C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2; G02F001/361F4 US 2003092869 NCL 528/170.000 **ECLA** C07D209/88; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2; G02F001/361F4; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60; C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F US 2003100681 NCL 525/242.000

G02F001/361F4

AB Novel compns. and synthetic methods for forming nonlinear optic polymers, which may be incorporated into multiple light-based devices, are disclosed. These compns. include crosslinkable chromophoric monomer units

C07D209/88; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60; C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/06+333B+303; C07D409/12+333B+209;

C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2:

ECLA

ST IT

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that incorporate nonlinear optic chromophores, linking monomers that may
be used to link chromophoric monomers, and polymers made from
crosslinkable chromophoric monomers or chromophoric monomers in
combination with linking monomers. The polymers can exhibit high thermal
stability, which is believed to arise from their covalently bonded
chromophore structures. In one aspect, linking monomers are disclosed
that may be crosslinked.
crosslinkable monomer novel nonlinear optical polymer
Polyimides, preparation
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
   (polyester-; synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel
   nonlinear optical polymers)
Polyesters, preparation
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
   (polyimide-; synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel
   nonlinear optical polymers)
Nonlinear optical materials
   (synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel nonlinear
   optical polymers)
488809-45-6P, 9-[3-[(4-Bromophenyl)methylamino]propyl]-9H-carbazole-2,7-
       488809-46-7P, 4-Bromo-N-(3-bromopropyl)-N-methylbenzenamine
488809-47-8P, N-(4-Bromophenyl)-2,7-dimethoxy-N-methyl-9H-carbazole-9-
              488809-48-9P, N-(4-Bromophenyl)-N-methyl-2,7-bis[[tris(1-
methylethyl)silyl]oxy]-9H-carbazole-9-propanamine 488809-49-0P.
5-[2-[4-[[3-[2,7-Bis[[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]oxy]-9H-carbazol-9-yl]pr
opyl]methylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde
488809-50-3P, 5-[2-[4-[3-(2,7-Dihydroxy-9H-carbazol-9-
yl)propyl]methylamino]phenyl]e thenyl]-2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde
511535-48-1P, 4-Aminobenzoic acid 511535-50-5P 511535-52-7P
511535-57-2P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PREP
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
   (intermediates; synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel
   nonlinear optical polymers)
488809-51-4P, 5-[[5-[2-[4-[[3-(2,7-Dihydroxy-9H-carbazol-9-
yl)propyl]methylamino]phen yl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]methylene]-1,3-diethyl-
2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione
                                 488809-52-5P, 5-[[5-[2-[4-[[3-(2,7-
Dihydroxy-9H-carbazol-9-yl)propyl]methylamino]phen yl]ethenyl]-2-
thienyl]methylene]-1,3-diethyldihydro-2-thioxo-4,6(1H,5H)-pyrimidinedione
488809-53-6P, [2-[[5-[2-[4-[[3-(2,7-Dihydroxy-9H-carbazol-9-
yl)propyl]methylamino]phe nyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]methylene]-1,1-
dioxidobenzo[b]thien-3(2H)-yliden e]propanedinitrile 488809-60-5P
488809-62-7P
              488809-64-9P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
   (monomers; synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel
  nonlinear optical polymers)
18162-48-6P
             53138-44-6P
                            90110-08-0P, 5-Vinyl-2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PREP
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
   (starting materials; synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel
  nonlinear optical polymers)
109-64-8, 1,3-Dibromopropane
                              150-13-0, 4-Aminobenzoic acid
                   693-13-0, Diisopropyl carbodiimide
p-Methoxyanisole
                                                        6911-87-1,
```

4-Bromo-N-methylaniline 10294-33-4, Boron tribromide

61822-18-2, 2,7-Dimethoxy carbazole

50721-57-8,

65960-02-3,

1-Ethylbarbituric acid

```
1-Ethyldihydro-2-thioxo-4,6(1H,5H)-pyrimidinedione
                                                            74228-25-4,
     3-(Dicyanomethylene)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]thiophene 1,1-dioxide
     511535-54-9
                   511535-59-4
                                  511535-61-8
                                                 511535-63-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (starting materials; synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel
        nonlinear optical polymers)
IΤ
     429-41-4, Tetrabutylammonium fluoride
                                              3375-31-3
                                                           6163-58-2,
     Tri-o-tolylphosphine
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel nonlinear
        optical polymers)
IT
     133532-50-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel nonlinear
        optical polymers)
     488809-54-7P
IT
                    488809-55-8P
                                    488809-56-9P
                                                    488809-57-0P
                                                                   488809-58-1P
     488809-59-2P
                    488809-61-6P 488809-63-8P
                                                  488809-65-0P
     488831-45-4P
                    488832-61-7P
                                    488832-64-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel nonlinear
        optical polymers)
IT
     102-82-9, Tributylamine
                                121-44-8, Triethylamine, reactions
                                                                      91944-64-8,
     4-(Dimethylamino)pyridinium 4-toluenesulfonate
     RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel nonlinear
        optical polymers)
IT
     488809-63-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (synthesis of crosslinkable monomers for novel nonlinear
        optical polymers)
     488809-63-8 CA
RN
CN
     Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis(1,3-
     dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl)]bis-, polymer with
     [3-\text{cyano}-4-[2-[5-[2-[4-[3-(2,5-\text{dihydroxyphenyl})propyl]methylamino]phenyl]}]
     ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-
     furanylidene]propanedinitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
          488809-62-7
     CMF
          C34 H30 N4 O3 S
                                                             OH
                                              Me
        Me
                                                 (CH<sub>2</sub>)3
            CH=
                = CH
                                                             OH
NC:
          CN
   CN
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CM 2

CRN 133532-50-0 CMF C33 H16 F6 N2 O8

L25 ANSWER 19 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 138:255621 CA

ED Entered STN: 17 Apr 2003

TI Design, synthesis, and properties of highly efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical polymers for electro-optics

AU Luo, Jingdong; Liu, Sen; Haller, Marnie; Liu, Lu; Ma, Hong; Jen, Alex K.-Y.

CS Department of Materials Science and Engineering, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195-2120, USA

SO Advanced Materials (Weinheim, Germany) (2002), 14(23), 1763-1768 CODEN: ADVMEW; ISSN: 0935-9648

PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DT Journal

LA English

CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 36, 73, 76

AB A simple and generally applicable method is developed for the post-functionalization of side-chain dendronized NLO polymers. This approach provides the combined advantages of achieving better poling efficiency through the site-isolation effect and shortening the time required for EO dendrimer synthesis. High poling efficiency has been achieved to afford an exceptionally large EO coefficient (97 pmV-1 at 1.3µm).

ST electrooptical effect poling side chain dendronized chromophore polyvinylphenol

IT Electrooptical effect

Nonlinear optical materials

(design, synthesis, and properties of highly efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical polymers for electro-optics)

IT Fluoropolymers, preparation

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (design, synthesis, and properties of highly efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical polymers for electro-optics)

IT 85-44-9, Phthalic anhydride 502449-09-4 502449-11-8
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (dendron synthesis; design, synthesis, and properties of highly efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical polymers for electro-optics)

IT 502449-13-0P 502449-15-2P

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RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (dendron synthesis; design, synthesis, and properties of highly
        efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical
        polymers for electro-optics)
IT
     538-75-0, N,N'-Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide
                                               1122-58-3, 4-
     (Dimethylamino)pyridine
                              91944-64-8, 4-Dimethylaminopyridinium
     4-toluenesulfonate
     RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (dendron synthesis; design, synthesis, and properties of highly
        efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical
        polymers for electro-optics)
ΙT
     502449-17-4P 502449-19-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (dendron; design, synthesis, and properties of highly efficient
        side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical polymers
        for electro-optics)
IT
     502558-65-8P 502558-68-1P
                                 502558-70-5P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (design, synthesis, and properties of highly efficient side-chain
        dendronized nonlinear optical polymers for
        electro-optics)
ΙT
     24979-70-2, Poly(4-vinylphenol)
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (design, synthesis, and properties of highly efficient side-chain
        dendronized nonlinear optical polymers for
        electro-optics)
IT
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        highly efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear
        optical polymers for electro-optics)
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     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (pendent chromophore synthesis; design, synthesis, and properties of
        highly efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear
        optical polymers for electro-optics)
TΤ
     502449-25-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (pendent chromophore; design, synthesis, and properties of highly
        efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical
        polymers for electro-optics)
RE.CNT
        39
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     502449-13-0P 502449-15-2P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (dendron synthesis; design, synthesis, and properties of highly
        efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical
        polymers for electro-optics)
RN
     502449-13-0 CA
     Benzoic acid, 3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]-,
CN
     3-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-3-[2-[5-[4-[4-[ethyl]6-
     (methoxymethoxy) hexyl]amino]phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2,5-
     dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 502449-15-2 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]-,
3-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-3-[2-[5-[4-[4-[ethyl(6hydroxyhexyl)amino]phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-2,5-dihydro-

2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

IT 502449-17-4P 502449-19-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

9/20/2005

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(Reactant or reagent)
        (dendron; design, synthesis, and properties of highly efficient
        side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical polymers
        for electro-optics)
RN 502449-17-4 CA
CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mono[6-[[4-[4-[5-[2-[2-[3-[[3,5-bis[[4-
[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-
        (dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]-1,3-
butadienyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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PAGE 2-A

RN 502449-19-6 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]-,
3-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-3-[3-[3-[2-[4-[ethyl(6hydroxyhexyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1propenyl]-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-2-furanyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

HO- (CH₂)
$$_{6}$$
-N

Et

IT 502558-65-8P 502558-68-1P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (design, synthesis, and properties of highly efficient side-chain dendronized nonlinear optical polymers for electro-optics)

RN 502558-65-8 CA

CN Phenol, 4-ethenyl-, homopolymer, 6-[[4-[4-[5-[2-[2-[3-[[3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]-1,3-butadienyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl 1,2-benzenedicarboxylate 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 502449-17-4 CMF C69 H58 F6 N4 O11 S

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 134151-66-9 CMF C9 H5 F3 O3

CM 3

CRN 24979-70-2

CMF (C8 H8 O)x CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

RN 502558-68-1 CA

CN Phenol, 4-ethenyl-, homopolymer, 6-[[4-[2-[3-[3-[2-[3-[[3,5-bis[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzoyl]oxy]propyl]-4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]ethylamino]hexyl 1,2-benzenedicarboxylate 4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]benzoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 502558-67-0

CMF C72 H66 F6 N4 O11

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

CM2

CRN 134151-66-9 CMF C9 H5 F3 O3

3 CM

CRN 24979-70-2 CMF (C8 H8 O)x CCI

PMS

CM4

2628-17-3 CRN CMF C8 H8 O

L25 ANSWER 20 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

138:128790 CA AN

ED Entered STN: 20 Feb 2003

ΤI Novel nonlinear optical polymers incorporating amines

IN Yu, Luping

PA The University of Chicago, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DTPatent

English LA

IC ICM G02F001-361

ICS C07D333-04; C07D409-02; C07D409-04

CC 73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)
Section cross-reference(s): 37, 76

FAN.CNT 4 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ PΙ WO 2003007070 A1 20030123 WO 2002-US22532 20020715 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2003086666 20030508 **A**1 US 2002-196328 20020715 US 2003085388 A1 20030508 US 2002-196734 20020715 US 2003092869 **A**1 20030515 US 2002-196565 20020715 US 2003100681 **A**1 20030529 US 2002-196353 20020715 PRAI US 2001-305374P P 20010713 CLASS PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES ----______ ------WO 2003007070 G02F001-361 ICM ICS C07D333-04; C07D409-02; C07D409-04 WO 2003007070 **ECLA** CO7D209/88; CO7D333/60; CO7D409/06+333B+239B; CO7D409/06+333B+307B; CO7D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/12+333B+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2; G02F001/361F4; C07D333/22 US 2003086666 385/122.000 NCL ECLA CO7D209/88; CO7D211/94; CO7D333/22; CO7D333/60; C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2; G02F001/361F4 US 2003085388 NCL 252/582.000 **ECLA** C07D209/88; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60; CO7D409/06+333B+333; CO7D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2; G02F001/361F4 US 2003092869 NCL 528/170.000 **ECLA** C07D209/88; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2; G02F001/361F4; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60; C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F US 2003100681 NCL 525/242.000 ECLA C07D209/88; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60; C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/12+333B+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2;

G02F001/361F4

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AB
     Compds. for forming nonlinear optical polymers are
     described by the general formula X-Y-Z, (X = (R1-O-CH2-CH2-)2N-; R1 = a
     labile group; Y is a thiphene oligomer terminated with attached to X via a
     1,4-phenylene bridge; \dot{z}= is an electron-withdrawing group; and Y and Z in
     combination form a nonlinear optical chromophore).
     Polymerization of the compds. to form polymers, the polymers formed from the
     compds., and electrooptical devices (e.g., phase modulators, light
     intensity modulators, directional couplers, optical switches, optical
     waveguides, and bulk devices having variable indexes of refraction)
     employing the polymers are also described. The polymers can exhibit high
     thermal stability, which is believed to arise from their covalently bonded
     chromophore structures.
ST
     nonlinear optical amine polymer electrooptical device;
     polyester nonlinear optical amine polymer; polyimide
     nonlinear optical amine polymer
ΙT
     Optical couplers
        (electro-; nonlinear optical polymers incorporating
        amines and electrooptical devices using them)
IT
     Optical waveguides
        (electrooptical; nonlinear optical polymers
        incorporating amines and electrooptical devices using them)
IT
     Electrooptical materials
     Electrooptical modulators
     Electrooptical switches
       Nonlinear optical materials
        (nonlinear optical polymers incorporating amines
        and electrooptical devices using them)
IT
     Polyesters, uses
     Polyimides, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical polymers incorporating amines
        and electrooptical devices using them)
TΤ
     109-64-8, 1,3-Dibromopropane 5217-47-0
                                                6911-87-1, 4-Bromo-N-
     methylaniline 10294-33-4, Boron tribromide 32479-73-5 61822-18-2,
     2,7-Dimethoxy carbazole 74228-25-4
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                                          80522-42-5
     133532-50-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (nonlinear optical polymers incorporating amines
        and electrooptical devices using them)
IT
     488809-45-6P 488809-46-7P
                                   488809-47-8P
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        (nonlinear optical polymers incorporating amines
        and electrooptical devices using them)
ΙT
     488809-54-7P
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     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical polymers incorporating amines
        and electrooptical devices using them)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Jen Kwan-Yue Alex; US 5688906 A 1997 CA
(2) Pierre, L; WO 9511476 A 1995 CA
(3) Rhone Poulenc Chimie; EP 0384811 A 1990 CA
IT
     488809-63-8P
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CN

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(nonlinear optical polymers incorporating amines

and electrooptical devices using them)

RN 488809-63-8 CA

Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl)]bis-, polymer with [3-cyano-4-[2-[5-[2-[4-[[3-(2,5-dihydroxyphenyl)propyl]methylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 488809-62-7 CMF C34 H30 N4 O3 S

CM 2

CRN 133532-50-0 CMF C33 H16 F6 N2 O8

L25 ANSWER 21 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 138:123276 CA

ED Entered STN: 20 Feb 2003

TI Nonlinear optical polymers, compositions, and their manufacture

IN Yu, Luping

PA The University of Chicago, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM G02F001-361

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

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FAN.CNT 4
      PATENT NO.
                           KIND
                                 DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                                                         DATE
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                                   20030123
                           A2
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      WO 2003007071
                                                WO 2002-US22533
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      WO 2003007071
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                                   20030515
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                                                US 2002-196565
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PRAI US 2001-305374P
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                                   20010713
CLASS
                   CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
  PATENT NO.
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                          _____
 WO 2003007071
                   ICM
                          G02F001-361
 WO 2003007071
                          C07D209/88; C07D333/60; C07D409/06+333B+239B;
                   ECLA
                          C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/12+333B+209;
                          C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209;
                          C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2;
                          G02F001/361F4
 US 2003086666
                   NCL
                          385/122.000
                   ECLA
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                          C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209;
                          C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2;
                          G02F001/361F4
. US 2003085388
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                          G02F001/361F4
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                          C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209;
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                          C08G073/10; C08G073/10F
 US 2003100681
                   NCL
                          525/242.000
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                          C07D209/88; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60;
                          C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/06+333B+307B;
                          C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/12+333B+209;
                          C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209;
                          C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2;
                          G02F001/361F4
os
     MARPAT 138:123276
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These compns. include chromophoric monomer units that incorporate
AB
     nonlinear optic chromophores, linking monomers that may be used to link
     chromophoric monomers, and polymers made from chromophoric monomers or
     chromophoric monomers in combination with linking monomers. The polymers
     can exhibit high thermal stability, which is believed to arise from their
     covalently bonded chromophore structures. In addition to their covalently
     bonded chromophore structures, nonlinear optic polymers may be crosslinked
     to further increase the thermal and dipole stability of the polymers.
     heat resistant nonlinear optic polyester polyimide; electron withdrawing
ST
     group chromophore side chain polymer
     Electrooptical imaging devices
IT
     Heat-resistant materials
       Nonlinear optical materials
        (nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and
        property)
IT
     Polyimides, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
        (polyester-, fluorine group-containing; nonlinear optical
        polyester polyimide manufacture and property)
IT
     Polyesters, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
        (polyimide-, fluorine group-containing; nonlinear optical
        polyester polyimide manufacture and property)
     488809-50-3P
ΙT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (exchange of electron withdrawing group; nonlinear
        optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)
ΙT
     488809-49-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate deprotection for chromophoric monomers; nonlinear
        optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)
IT
     488809-45-6P 488809-46-7P 488809-48-9P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate for chromophoric monomers; nonlinear
        optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)
IT
     488809-47-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate hydrolysis for chromophoric monomers; nonlinear
        optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)
TT
     488809-54-7P
                    488809-55-8P
                                  488809-56-9P 488809-57-0P
                                                                 488809-58-1P
     488809-59-2P
                    488809-61-6P 488809-63-8P
                                                488809-65-0P
     488831-45-4P
                    488832-61-7P
                                   488832-64-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
        (nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and
        property)
     109-64-8, 1,3-Dibromopropane
IT
                                    150-13-0, 4-Aminobenzoic acid
                                                                     429-41-4,
     Tetrabutylammonium fluoride
                                   1107-00-2
                                               6911-87-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and
        property)
IT
     133532-50-0P
                    488809-51-4P
                                   488809-52-5P
                                                  488809-53-6P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and polymerization; nonlinear optical polyester
       polyimide manufacture and property)
```

IT 80522-42-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction with diol; nonlinear optical polyester
 polyimide manufacture and property)

IT 90110-08-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction with iso-Pr silyl protected diol; nonlinear
optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)

IT 488809-63-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)

RN 488809-63-8 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl)]bis-, polymer with [3-cyano-4-[2-[5-[2-[4-[[3-(2,5-dihydroxyphenyl)propyl]methylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 488809-62-7 CMF C34 H30 N4 O3 S

Me Me
$$N-(CH_2)_3$$

NC-C $N-(CH_2)_3$

OH OH OH

CM 2

CRN 133532-50-0 CMF C33 H16 F6 N2 O8

L25 ANSWER 22 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 138:123275 CA

ED Entered STN: 20 Feb 2003

TI Nonlinear optical polymers, compositions, and their manufacture

```
IN
     Yu, Luping
PA
     The University of Chicago, USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 81 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT .
    Patent
LA
    English
IC
     ICM G02F001-361
CC
     37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
FAN.CNT 4
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
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                        ____
                               -----
                                          -----
                                                                 -----
PΙ
    WO 2003007069
                        A2
                                          WO 2002-US22376
                               20030123
                                                                 20020715
    WO 2003007069
                        A3
                               20030410
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            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
            PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
            FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF,
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                        A1
                               20030508
                                        US 2002-196328
                                                                 20020715
    US 2003085388
                        A1
                               20030508
                                          US 2002-196734
                                                                 20020715
    US 2003092869
                        A1
                               20030515
                                          US 2002-196565
                                                                 20020715
    US 2003100681
                        A1
                               20030529
                                          US 2002-196353
                                                                 20020715
PRAI US 2001-305374P
                        Ρ
                               20010713
CLASS
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
PATENT NO.
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WO 2003007069 ICM
                       G02F001-361
                       C07D209/88; C07D333/22; C07D333/60;
WO 2003007069
                ECLA
                       C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/06+333B+307B;
                       C07D409/12+333B+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209;
                       C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F;
                       G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2; G02F001/361F4
US 2003086666
                NCL
                       385/122.000
                ECLA
                       CO7D209/88; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60;
                       C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/06+333B+307B;
                       C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209;
                       C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209;
                       C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2;
                       G02F001/361F4
US 2003085388
                NCL
                       252/582.000
                ECLA
                       CO7D209/88; CO7D211/94; CO7D333/22; CO7D333/60;
                       C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/06+333B+307B;
                       C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209;
                       C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209;
                       C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2;
                       G02F001/361F4
US 2003092869
                NCL
                       528/170.000
                ECLA
                       C07D209/88; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2;
                       G02F001/361F4; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60;
                       C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/06+333B+307B;
                       C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/12+333B+209;
                       C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C07D409/14+333B+239B+209;
                       C08G073/10; C08G073/10F
```

US 2003100681 NCL 525/242.000

ECLA C07D209/88; C07D211/94; C07D333/22; C07D333/60;

C07D409/06+333B+239B; C07D409/06+333B+307B; C07D409/06+333B+333; C07D409/12+333B+209;

C07D409/14+333B+239B+209; C07D409/14+333B+333+209; C08G073/10; C08G073/10F; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F2;

G02F001/361F4

GI

$$X$$
 X
 R^2
 R^2
 R^2

AB These compns. include chromophoric monomer units that incorporate nonlinear optic chromophores, linking monomers that may be used to link chromophoric monomers, and polymers made from chromophoric monomers or chromophoric monomers in combination with linking monomers. The polymers can exhibit high thermal stability, which is believed to arise from their covalently bonded chromophore structures. In addition to their covalently bonded chromophore structures, nonlinear optic polymers may be crosslinked to further increase the thermal and dipole stability of the polymers. Thus, monomer I having electron withdrawing group Q (3-(dicyanomethylene)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]thiophene) (preparation given) was polymerized with the diacid

II to give polyester polyimide having a $\lambda max709$, glass transition temperature 170°, and decomposition temperature 245°.

ST heat resistant nonlinear optic polyester polyimide; electron withdrawing group chromophore side chain polymer

IT Electrooptical imaging devices Heat-resistant materials

Nonlinear optical materials

(nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)

IT Polyimides, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (polyester-, fluorine group-containing; nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)

IT Polyesters, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (polyimide-, fluorine group-containing; nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)

IT 488809-50-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (exchange of electron withdrawing group; nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)

IT 488809-49-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate deprotection for chromophoric monomers; nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)

IT 488809-45-6P 488809-46-7P 488809-47-8P

```
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate for chromophoric monomers; nonlinear
        optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)
IT
     61822-18-2
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate hydrolysis for chromophoric monomers; nonlinear
        optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)
IT
     488809-54-7P
                    488809-55-8P
                                   488809-56-9P
                                                   488809-57-0P
                                                                  488809-58-1P
     488809-59-2P
                    488809-61-6P 488809-63-8P
                                                 488809-65-0P
     488831-45-4P
                    488832-61-7P
                                   488832-64-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
        (nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and
        property)
IT
     488809-48-9P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and
        property)
ΙT
     109-64-8, 1,3-Dibromopropane
                                    150-13-0, 4-Aminobenzoic acid
                                                                     429-41-4,
     Tetrabutylammonium fluoride
                                   1107-00-2
                                              6911-87-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and
        property)
TΤ
     133532-50-0P
                    488809-51-4P
                                   488809-52-5P
                                                   488809-53-6P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and polymerization; nonlinear optical polyester
        polyimide manufacture and property)
IT
     80522-42-5
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with diol; nonlinear optical polyester
        polyimide manufacture and property)
IT
     90110-08-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with iso-Pr silyl protected diol; nonlinear
        optical polyester polyimide manufacture and property)
IT
     488809-63-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
        (nonlinear optical polyester polyimide manufacture and
        property)
RN
     488809-63-8 CA
CN
     Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis(1,3-
     dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl)]bis-, polymer with
     [3-cyano-4-[2-[5-[2-[4-[[3-(2,5-dihydroxyphenyl)propyl]methylamino]phenyl]
     ethenyl]-2-thienyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-
     furanylidene]propanedinitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN 488809-62-7
     CMF C34 H30 N4 O3 S
```

CM 2

CRN 133532-50-0 CMF C33 H16 F6 N2 O8

L25 ANSWER 23 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 137:286134 CA

ED Entered STN: 31 Oct 2002

Synthesis of fluorinated molecules possessing high optical non-linearity, e.g., 2-[4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis-[2-[(tert-butyldimethylsilanyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]phenyl]vinyl]-5,5-dimethylcyclohex-2-enylidene]propenyl]-3-cyano-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-5H-furan-2-ylidene]malononitrile, useful as chromophores in electro-optic devices

IN Ermer, Susan; Lovejoy, Steven Michael; Bedworth, Peter V.

PA Lockheed Martin Corporation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 12 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07D307-54

CC 73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 27, 41

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.				KIND A1		DATE 20021003		APPLICATION NO.					DATE 20020327			
				WO 2002-US9324													
ΡI	WO 2002076969																
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							DK,										
							IN,										
							MD,										
							SE,										
							YU,										

TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2004158084 A1 20040812 US 2004-473478 20040416 PRAI US 2001-278762P Р 20010327 WO 2002-US9324 W 20020327 CLASS PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES WO 2002076969 ICM C07D307-54 WO 2002076969 **ECLA** C07D307/68 US 2004158084 NCL 549/474.000 OS MARPAT 137:286134 GI

Me

Me

AB Invention compds. I [wherein R, R1-R5 can be selected from alkyl, aryl, heteroatom, substituted alkyl, or substituted aryl] are disclosed. The compds. are useful as chromophores in electro-optic devices (no data). A preferred invention compound is II, which can be prepared by Knoevenagel condensation of 2-(3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-trifluoromethyl-5H-furan-2ylidene) malononitrile (III) with the corresponding aldehyde. III is prepared in turn by reaction of 4,4,4-trifluoro-3-hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2one with 2 equiv malononitrile in the presence of LiOH catalyst. Compds. I are said to show improvement over previous dyes because of the presence of the trifluoromethyl group on the acceptor portion of the mol. I can be poled at lower field, and have increased temporal stability (no data). Amorphous polycarbonate is reported to be a particularly useful polymer for incorporation of I.

CF₃

II

ST fluorinated furanylidenemalononitrile prepn chromophore dye nonlinear optical electrooptical modulator

Me

IT Chromophores

```
Dyes
     Electrooptical modulators
       Nonlinear optical materials
     Optical hyperpolarizability
        (preparation of fluorinated furanylidenemalononitrile derivs. as organic
        chromophores for use as nonlinear optical materials
        in electrooptical devices)
ΙT
     Polycarbonates, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of fluorinated furanylidenemalononitrile derivs. as organic
        chromophores for use as nonlinear optical materials
        in electrooptical devices)
IT
     369609-49-4P, 2-(3-Cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-trifluoromethyl-5H-furan-2-
     ylidene) malononitrile
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; preparation of fluorinated furanylidenemalononitrile derivs.
        as organic chromophores for use as nonlinear optical
        materials in electrooptical devices)
ΙT
     369609-51-8P, 2-[4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[Bis-[2-[(tert-
     butyldimethylsilanyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]phenyl]vinyl]-5,5-dimethylcyclohex-2-
     enylidene]propenyl]-3-cyano-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-5H-furan-2-
     ylidene]malononitrile
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (invention compound; preparation of fluorinated furanylidenemalononitrile
        derivs. as organic chromophores for use as nonlinear
        optical materials in electrooptical devices)
ΙT
     109-77-3, Malononitrile 661-78-9, 4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-hydroxy-3-
                       224784-28-5, [3-[2-[4-[Bis-[2-(tert-
     methylbutan-2-one
     butyldimethylsilanyloxy)ethyl]amino]phenyl]vinyl]-5,5-dimethylcyclohex-2-
     enylidene]acetaldehyde
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (precursor; preparation of fluorinated furanylidenemalononitrile derivs. as
        organic chromophores for use as nonlinear optical
       materials in electrooptical devices)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Liakatas, I; APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS 2000, V76(11), P1368 CA
(2) Pacific Wave Ind Inc; WO 0009613 A 2000 CA
(3) Pacific Wave Ind Inc; WO 0179750 A 2001 CA
     369609-49-4P, 2-(3-Cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-trifluoromethyl-5H-furan-2-
     ylidene) malononitrile
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; preparation of fluorinated furanylidenemalononitrile derivs.
        as organic chromophores for use as nonlinear optical
       materials in electrooptical devices)
RN
     369609-49-4 CA
CN
     Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-
     furanylidene] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

IT 369609-51-8P, 2-[4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[Bis-[2-[(tert-

butyldimethylsilanyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]phenyl]vinyl]-5,5-dimethylcyclohex-2-enylidene]propenyl]-3-cyano-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-5H-furan-2-ylidene]malononitrile

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(invention compound; preparation of fluorinated furanylidenemalononitrile derivs. as organic chromophores for use as nonlinear

optical materials in electrooptical devices)

RN 369609-51-8 CA

CN

Propanedinitrile, [4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3-cyano-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L25 ANSWER 24 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 137:218033 CA

ED Entered STN: 03 Oct 2002

TI Functional materials for use in optical systems, their production and chromophores therefor

IN Drotleff, Elizabeth; McGinniss, Vincent D.; Risser, Steven M.; Spahr,
Kevin Bruce

PA Battelle Memorial Institute, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 232 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM G02B005-30

ICS C07C017-42; C07C019-08; C07C021-18

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

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Section cross-reference(s): 41, 72
                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                               DATE
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PΤ
     WO 2002069002
                        A1
                               20020906 WO 2002-US3582 20020206
         W: AU, BR, CA, CN, CZ, ES, HU, ID, IL, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PH, PL, RO, RU, SG, UA, US, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, TR
     US 2002185633
                         A1
                               20021212
                                          US 2001-777439
                                                                  20010206
     US 6610219
                         В2
                               20030826
                               20031210 EP 2002-709386
     EP 1368679
                        A1
                                                                  20020206
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
PRAI US 2001-777439
                         Α
                               20010206
     WO 2002-US3582
                         W
                               20020206
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
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 WO 2002069002 ICM
                       G02B005-30
                ICS
                       C07C017-42; C07C019-08; C07C021-18
 WO 2002069002 ECLA
                       G02B006/122C; G02F001/065
 US 2002185633 NCL
                       252/582.000
                ECLA G02B006/122C; G02F001/065
 EP 1368679
                       G02B006/122C; G02F001/065
                ECLA
    MARPAT 137:218033
OS
AB
     The present invention provides both polymer systems and optically active
     chromophores that may be used to form the components of optical devices
     such as optical switches and other devices useful in an optical waveguide.
     The polymers have glass transition temps. >100° and the systems
     have refractive index values of either 1.3-1.5 or 1.5-1.8 and have good
     compatibility with the electrooptical chromophores. In an example, an
     8:2:30:60 acrylonitrile-3-(methacryloyloxy)propyltrimethoxysilane-Me
     methacrylate-trifluoroethyl methacrylate copolymer was prepared and combined
     with a 4-fluoro-3-nitroaniline chromophore to provide a low refractive
     index material.
ST
     polymer electrooptical chromophore compn optical system
IT
    Nonlinear optical materials
        (electrooptical; optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical
       chromophores)
IT
     Electrooptical materials
        (nonlinear; optical materials based on polymers and
       electrooptical chromophores)
IT
    Azo dyes
        (optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical azo dyes)
IT
    Nonlinear optical materials
        (optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical chromophores)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical chromophores)
IT
    Optical waveguides
        (optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical chromophores
       for)
IT
    454702-35-3
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (chromophore-containing polymer; optical materials based on polymers and
       electrooptical chromophores)
```

```
IT
     121-01-7, 4-Nitro-2-(trifluoromethyl)aniline
                                                     364-76-1,
     4-Fluoro-3-nitroaniline
                               369-36-8, 2-Fluoro-5-nitroaniline
     4-Nitro-3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline
                                          776-16-9, 2,3,5,6-Tetrafluoro-4-
                    2429-84-7, C.I. Direct Red 1
     nitroaniline
                                                    17420-30-3,
     2-Cyano-4-nitroaniline
                             21397-11-5, 2-Fluoro-3-nitroaniline
                                                                     23156-27-6
     72115-08-3, 3-Cyano-4-nitroaniline
                                          122129-79-7, 3,5-Difluoro-4-
     nitroaniline
                    131858-36-1
                                  198350-73-1
                                                 454702-34-2
                                                               454702-36-4,
     2,4,5,6-Tetrafluoro-3-nitroaniline
                                           454702-37-5
                                                         454702-38-6
     454702-39-7
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     3-Cyano-4-nitro-2-(trifluoromethyl)aniline
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     454702-72-8
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                                 454702-74-0
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     454702-77-3
                   454702-78-4
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     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (chromophore; optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical
        chromophores)
ΙT
     1306-23-6, Cadmium sulfide, uses 1306-24-7, Cadmium selenide, uses
     7631-86-9, Silica, uses
                               7789-75-5, Calcium fluoride, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (filler; in optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical
        chromophores)
     454702-33-1P, Acrylonitrile-3-(methacryloyloxy)propyltrimethoxysilane-
     methyl methacrylate-trifluoroethyl methacrylate copolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical chromophores)
IT
     9011-14-7, PMMA
                      54802-79-8, Poly(trifluoroethyl methacrylate)
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical chromophores)
     84-74-2, Dibutyl phthalate 98-95-3, Nitrobenzene, uses
IT
                                                               108-32-7.
     Propylene carbonate 117-81-7, Dioctyl phthalate
                                                         123-91-1, Dioxane,
          15625-89-5, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate
                                                          42233-61-4, Dioctyl
     suberate
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (solvent; in optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical
        chromophores)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Byker; US 6084702 A 2000 CA
(2) Ducharme; US 5064264 A 1991 CA
(3) Eckes; US 4323675 A 1982 CA
(4) Elmasry; US 4666819 A 1987 CA
(5) Newsham; US 5776374 A 1998 CA
(6) Ouderkirk; US 5783210 A 1998 CA
(7) Tapolsky; US 6001958 A 1999 CA
     454702-64-8 454702-65-9 454702-66-0
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (chromophore; optical materials based on polymers and electrooptical
        chromophores)
RN
     454702-64-8 CA
CN
     Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[4-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-
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5-methyl-5-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 454702-65-9 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[4-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-5-methyl-5-(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 454702-66-0 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4-[4-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1,3-butadienyl]-5-methyl-5-(2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L25
     ANSWER 25 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     136:316685 CA
AN
ED
     Entered STN:
                  09 May 2002
     Polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
ΤI
     optical chromophores and devices incorporating the same
IN
     Zhang, Cheng; Fetterman, Harold R.; Steier, William; Michael, Joseph
     Pacific Wave Industries, Inc., USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
IC
     ICM G02F001-35
     ICS F21V009-00
CC
     73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
     Properties)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
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                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
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                                            WO 2001-US29239
                                                                    20010918
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             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
             UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    US 6652779
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                                            US 2000-679937
                                                                    20001005
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                          Α5
                                            AU 2001-92779
                                20020415
                                                                    20010918
PRAI US 2000-679937
                          Α
                                20001005
    US 1998-122806
                          A2
                                19980727
    US 2000-488422
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    US 2000-546930
                          A2
                                20000411
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US 2000-551685
                         A2
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     WO 2001-US29239
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                                20010918
CLASS
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                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 WO 2002029488
                ICM
                        G02F001-35
                 ICS
                        F21V009-00
                ECLA
 WO 2002029488
                        G02F001/361F; G02F001/361F4
 US 6652779
                        252/582.000; 359/328.000
                NCL
                        C08K005/00P4; G02F001/361B; G02F001/361B2;
                 ECLA
                        G02F001/361D; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F; C09B023/00D;
                        C09B023/00R; C09B023/00S; C09B023/14H; G02F001/065
     Second-order nonlinear optical device comprising an
AB
     active element including a linear chain nonlinear
     optical polyester or poly(imide ester) formed by reacting a
     dihydroxy functionalized chromophore containing a \pi-conjugate polyene
     structure as the bridge or part of the bridge that connects an electron
     donor and electron acceptor with a monomer selected from an aromatic or
     aliphatic diacid or diacid dihalide and a monomer selected from an aromatic or
     aliphatic diol. The polyesters may be crosslinked using trifluoroether
     groups. Second-order nonlinear optical devices are
     also described which comprise an active element including a crosslinked
     nonlinear optical polymer material formed from dendritic
     or hyperbranched macromol. that carries ≥1 chromophores and
     thermally reactive groups at the periphery of the macromol. for
     crosslinking between the macromols. The dendrimers may each have a
     chromophore as the core and ≥1 dendrons that carry thermally
     reactive groups for crosslinking between the dendrimers.
     Tetrafluoroisophthaloyl dichloride.
ST
     second order nonlinear optical device polyene bridged
     chromophore polymer
IT
     Dendritic polymers
     Polyesters, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical; second-order nonlinear
        optical devices employing polymers containing polyene-bridged
        second-order nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     Optical instruments
        (nonlinear; second-order nonlinear optical devices
        employing polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order
        nonlinear optical chromophores)
ΙT
     Polyimides, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (polyester-, nonlinear optical; second-order
        nonlinear optical devices employing polymers containing
        polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear optical
        chromophores)
IT
     Polyesters, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (polyimide-, nonlinear optical; second-order
        nonlinear optical devices employing polymers containing
        polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear optical
        chromophores)
IT
     Nonlinear optical materials
        (polymeric; second-order nonlinear optical devices
        employing polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order
        nonlinear optical chromophores)
ΙT
     Electrooptical modulators
```

```
(second-order nonlinear optical devices employing
        polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     259653-89-9P
                    330982-78-0DP, reaction products with
     propanedinitrile furanylidene derivs. 410092-29-4DP, reaction
     products with ethylidynetrisphenyleneoxymethylenebenzoate
                                                                  410092-31-8DP,
     reaction products with propanedinitrile furanylidene derivs.
     410092-36-3DP, reaction products with ethylidynetrisphenyleneoxymethyleneb
     enzoate 410093-47-9P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (second-order nonlinear optical devices employing
        polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
ΙT
     410093-46-8P
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (second-order nonlinear optical devices employing
        polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     83-55-6, 5-Amino-1-naphthol
                                   89-32-7, 1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic
     dianhydride
                   124-73-2
                                          1478-61-1, 4,4'-
                              1107-00-2
     (Hexafluoroisopropylidene) diphenol
                                          2351-36-2, 2,6-Naphthalenedicarbonyl
     dichloride
                  5930-28-9, 4-Amino-2,6-dichlorophenol
                                                         27955-94-8
     110649-97-3
                   134151-79-4
                                 224967-74-2
                                               259653-88-8
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                   410092-36-3
                                 410093-49-1
                                               410093-53-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (second-order nonlinear optical devices employing
        polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     410092-29-4P
                    410092-86-3P 410093-48-0P
     410093-50-4P
                    410093-51-5P
                                  410093-52-6P 410093-54-8P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (second-order nonlinear optical devices employing
       polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Dalton, L; J Mater Chem 1999, V9, P1905 CA
(2) Dalton, L; Optical Engineering 2000, V39(3), P589 CA
(3) Ma, H; Polymer Materials: Science and Engineering, Fall Meeting 2000, V83,
    P165 CA
(4) Yokoyama, S; Thin Solid Films 1998, V331, P248 CA
(5) Zhang, C; Polymer Preprints 1999, V40(2), P912 CA
(6) Zhang, Y; Polymer 1997, V38(12), P2893 CA
     259653-89-9P 410092-29-4DP, reaction products with
     ethylidynetrisphenyleneoxymethylenebenzoate 410093-47-9p
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (second-order nonlinear optical devices employing
       polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
       optical chromophores)
RN
     259653-89-9 CA
CN
     1,3-Benzenedicarbonyl dichloride, 2,4,5,6-tetrafluoro-, polymer with
     [4-[3-[3-[4-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-hexyl-5,5-
     dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3-cyano-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-
     furanylidene]propanedinitrile and 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-
```

(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 259653-88-8 CMF C39 H48 N4 O3

CM 2

CRN 110649-97-3 CMF C8 Cl2 F4 O2

CM 3

CRN 1478-61-1 CMF C15 H10 F6 O2

RN 410092-29-4 CA

9/20/2005

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[1,1-bis[4-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, [[4-[2-[3-[3-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-(4-hydroxybutyl)-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

PAGE 3-B

RN 410093-47-9 CA

CN 2,6-Naphthalenedicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with [4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-2-hexyl-5,5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3-cyano-5,5-dimethyl-2(5H)-furanylidene]propanedinitrile and 5,5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[2-(3,5-dichloro-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 410092-86-3 CMF C31 H12 C14 F6 N2 O6

CM 2

CRN 259653-88-8 CMF C39 H48 N4 O3

CM 3

CRN 2351-36-2 CMF C12 H6 C12 O2

IT 410092-29-4P 410093-48-0P 410093-50-4P 410093-54-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(second-order nonlinear optical devices employing

polymers containing polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear

optical chromophores)

RN 410092-29-4 CA

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[1,1-bis[4-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]phenyl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, [[4-[2-[3-[3-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2,5-dihydro-2-(4-hydroxybutyl)-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

RN 410093-48-0 CA
CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-[4-[4[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenoxy]butyl]-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CFINDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CF_2 \\ NC-C \\ \hline \\ NC \\ \hline \\ NC \\ Me \\ \end{array}$$

RN 410093-50-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3-cyano-5-methyl-5-[4-[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenoxy]butyl]-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CM} & \text{Me} \\ \text{NC-C} & \text{CH}_2 \text{ } \\ \text{NC-CH}_2 & \text{CH}_2 \text{ } \\ \text{HO-CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 & \text{CH}_2 \text{ } \\ \text{HO-CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{N} & \text{CH}_2 \text{ } \\ \text{CH-CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{N} & \text{Me} \\ \text{Me} & \text{Me} \end{array}$$

RN 410093-54-8 CA

Benzoic acid, 4-[[4-[1,1-bis[4-[[4-[(trifluoroethenyl)oxy]phenyl]methoxy]p henyl]ethyl]phenoxy]methyl]-, [[4-[2-[3-[3-[4-cyano-5-(dicyanomethylene)-2-[4-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]butyl]-2,5-dihydro-2-methyl-3-furanyl]-2-propenylidene]-5,5-dimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

- L25 ANSWER 26 OF 28 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 136:191442 CA
- ED Entered STN: 14 Mar 2002
- TI Sterically stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear optical chromophores and devices incorporating the same

IN

```
Zhang, Cheng; Fetterman, Harold R.; Steier, William; Michael, Joseph
PA
     Pacific Wave Industries, Inc., USA
SO
    U.S., 33 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 546,930.
    CODEN: USXXAM
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    English
    ICM G02F001-00
    ICS F21V009-00; H10S003-00
INCL 359321000
     73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
     Properties)
     Section cross-reference(s): 41
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                       KIND
                             DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
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    US 6348992
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                              20000523 US 1998-122806
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B1 20030909 US 2000-546930
    US 6361717
                                                               20000120
    US 6616865
US 6652779
                                                              20000411
                       B1
A1
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                              20011025 WO 2001-US12354
    WO 2001079750
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                ICS
                      F21V009-00; H10S003-00
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US 6348992
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                      359/321.000; 252/582.000; 359/345.000
                ECLA
                      C08K005/00P4; C09B023/00D; C09B023/00R; C09B023/00S;
                      C09B023/14H; G02F001/065; G02F001/361B; G02F001/361B2;
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                      385/003.000
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                      C09B023/14H
US 6361717
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                      252/582.000; 359/328.000
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                      C09B023/14H
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                      252/582.000; 359/328.000
                      C08K005/00P4; C09B023/00R; C09B023/00S; C09B023/14H;
                ECLA
                      G02F001/361B2; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F; C09B023/00D
US 6652779
                NCL
                      252/582.000; 359/328.000
                      C08K005/00P4; G02F001/361B; G02F001/361B2;
                ECLA
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G02F001/361D; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F; C09B023/00D;
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                 ECLA
                        G02F001/361B; G02F001/361B2; G02F001/361D;
                        G02F001/361D2
 US 2002027220
                 NCL
                        252/582.000
                 ECLA
                        C08K005/00P4; C09B023/00D; C09B023/00R; C09B023/00S;
                        C09B023/14H; G02F001/065; G02F001/361B; G02F001/361B2;
                        G02F001/361D; G02F001/361D2; G02F001/361F
OS
     MARPAT 136:191442
AB
     Nonlinear optical devices (e.g., electrooptical
     modulators, phase shifters) are described which employ an active element
     formed from a chromophore including an electron donor group, an electron
     acceptor group, and a \pi-conjugate bridge structure between the electron
     donor group and the electron acceptor group which includes ≥1
     non-aromatic 5-, 6-, or 7-membered ring which lock(s) one or two
     carbon-carbon double bond(s) of the conjugate bridge structure and in
     which the electron acceptor group is connected to the bridge ring
     structure with a conjugated diene or triene. The bridge may contain a
     bithiophene unit. The chromophores may be doped into a polymer,
     preferably a bisphenol A carbonate-4,4'-(3,3,5-
     trimethylcyclohexylidene)diphenol carbonate copolymer. The devices may be
     packaged in inert gas filled packages.
ST
     aminophenylpolyene bridged nonlinear optical
     chromophore device
IΤ
     Electrooptical modulators
       Nonlinear optical materials
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     Optical instruments
        (nonlinear; nonlinear optical devices employing
        sterically stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     Optical instruments
        (phase shifters; nonlinear optical devices
        employing sterically stabilized polyene-bridged second-order
        nonlinear optical chromophores)
IT
     78-59-1, Isophorone
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (Sterically stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores and devices incorporating the same)
IT
     7439-90-9, Krypton, uses
                               7440-01-9, Neon, uses
                                                        7440-37-1, Argon, uses
     7440-59-7, Helium, uses
                               7440-63-3, Xenon, uses
                                                        7727-37-9, Nitrogen,
     uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical device packages with protective
        fills of; nonlinear optical devices employing
        sterically stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     132721-26-7 224784-30-9
                                 265992-52-7
                                               266348-40-7
                                                             266348-41-8
     296280-34-7
                   350251-11-5
                                 351444-91-2
                                               351444-93-4
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     351444-98-9
                   351445-03-9
                                 351445-05-1
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     369609-51-8P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
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preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
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        optical chromophores)
IT
     259653-88-8P
                    351444-86-5P
                                   369397-06-8P
                                                  369397-36-4P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
TT
     109-77-3, Malononitrile
                               492-97-7, 2,2'-Bithiophene
                                                            1193-93-7
     1826-67-1, Vinylmagnesium bromide
                                         2052-06-4
                                                    3761-92-0, Hexylmagnesium
                         7726-95-6, Bromine, reactions
             6502-13-2
                                                           27913-86-6
     127278-74-4
                   224768-42-7, 2-Hexylisophorone
                                                    326597-50-6
                                                                  369395-86-8
     369609-49-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
IT
     10276-21-8P
                   51751-44-1P, 3,3'-Dibromo-2,2'-bithiophene
     3,3',5,5'-Tetrabromo-2,2'-bithiophene 125607-30-9P, 3,3'-Dihexyl-2,2'-
     bithiophene
                   171082-32-9P
                                  224768-43-8P
                                                224784-25-2P
                                                                224784-26-3P
     224784-28-5P
                    326597-43-7P
                                   351444-78-5P
                                                  369395-61-9P
                                                                 369396-01-0P
     369396-52-1P
                    369396-68-9P
                                   369397-34-2P
                                                  369397-35-3P
                                                                 369397-37-5P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
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IT
    369609-51-8P
    RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
        stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
        optical chromophores)
RN
    369609-51-8 CA
     Propanedinitrile, [4-[3-[3-[2-[4-[bis[2-[[(1,1-
CN
    dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-5,5-dimethyl-2-
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cyclohexen-1-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3-cyano-5-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 369609-49-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(nonlinear optical devices employing sterically
stabilized polyene-bridged second-order nonlinear
optical chromophores)

RN 369609-49-4 CA

CN Propanedinitrile, [3-cyano-4,5-dimethyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2(5H)-furanylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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